



GUVERNUL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA

HOTĂRÂRE nr. ____

din _____ 2025

Chișinău

Cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025

În temeiul art. 7 alin. (2) și art. 8¹ alin. (3) din Legea nr. 595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova (Monitorul Oficial al Republicii Moldova, 2000, nr. 24-26, art. 137), cu modificările ulterioare, Guvernul HOTĂRĂȘTE:

1. Se ia act de proiectul Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025.

2. Se inițiază negocierile asupra proiectului Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025.

3. Se aprobă semnarea Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025.

4. Prezenta hotărâre intră în vigoare la data publicării în Monitorul Oficial al Republicii Moldova.

Prim-ministru

DORIN RECEAN

Contrasemnează:

Viceprim-ministru,
ministrul afacerilor externe

Mihail POPȘOI

Ministrul finanțelor

Victoria Belous

Argumentarea necesității
inițierii negocierilor și aprobării semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare
dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de
performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025

A. Descrierea tratatului

Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială” a fost semnat la 31 ianuarie 2025 la Chișinău și aprobat prin Hotărârea Guvernului nr.90/2025.

Amendamentul nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, reprezintă un tratat interguvernamental încheiat între Guvernul Republicii Moldova (GRM) și Comisia Europeană (CE) și va fi modificat în conformitate cu prevederile *Legii nr.595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale și Hotărârii Guvernului nr.442/2015 pentru aprobarea Regulamentului privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale*. Scopul amendamentului este consolidarea independenței energetice și rezilienței Republicii Moldova în contextul crizei existente, promovând agenda de reforme orientată spre aderare și abordând priorități esențiale din Strategia Energetică a Republicii Moldova.

Acordul de Finanțare intră în vigoare la data semnării de către ultima parte.

B. Analiza de Impact

1. Informații generale: Amendamentul nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială” prevede următoarele modificări la Acordul de bază:

- mărirea sumei Acordului de finanțare de la 67mln euro la 174 mln. Euro (asistență nerambursabilă), după cum urmează: 167 mln. Euro – suport bugetar, 7 mln. Euro – suport complementar sub formă de granturi prin intermediul Secretariatului comunității energetice și GIZ și asistență tehnică;
- modificarea graficului de debursare;
- modificarea activităților finanțate (doar măsurile de consolidare și reziliență energetică și măsuri de susținere socială) .

Criterii pentru debursarea Suportului Bugetar

a) *Condițiile generale* pentru debursarea tuturor tranșelor sunt următoarele:

- Progres satisfăcător în implementarea Strategiei Energetice a Republicii Moldova și menținerea credibilității și relevanței acesteia sau a politicilor ulterioare.
- Menținerea unei politici macroeconomice orientate spre stabilitate, credibile și relevante, sau progrese realizate în direcția restabilirii echilibrelor fundamentale.
- Progres satisfăcător în implementarea reformelor pentru îmbunătățirea gestionării financiare publice, inclusiv mobilizarea veniturilor interne, și menținerea relevanței și credibilității programului de reforme.
- Progres satisfăcător în ceea ce privește disponibilitatea publică a informațiilor bugetare accesibile, oportune și complete, și a unui cadru bugetar solid.

b) Indicatorii de performanță pentru debursare care pot fi utilizați pentru debursarea tranșelor variabile pot fi concentrați pe reforme care contribuie la reziliența energetică și independența Moldovei.

Suportul bugetar presupune alocarea pe parcursul anului 2025, în baza unor condiții generale și specifice, a sumei de 167,0 milioane euro în conturile trezoreriale ale Ministerului Finanțelor și 7,0 milioane de euro sub formă de suport complementar, conform calendarului:

Exercițiul financiar și defalcarea trimestrială (în milioane EUR)	Anul 1 (2025)				Total
	T1	T2	T3	T4	
Tranșă fixă					
Tranșă variabilă	30 + 50	50 + 37			167
Total	80	87			167

2. *Aspectul politic, cultural și social:* prevederile prezentului Amendament nu contravine politicii externe a RM.

3. *Aspectul economic și de mediu:* proiectul Amendamentului nu conține prevederi care ar avea repercusiuni negative asupra economiei și mediului Republicii Moldova.

4. *Aspectul normativ:* prevederile prezentului Amendament sunt compatibile cu prevederile Constituției Republicii Moldova, Carta Organizației Națiunilor Unite, alte tratate internaționale în vigoare și angajamentele asumate de țara noastră pe plan internațional, precum și cu legislația UE. Semnarea tratatului nu implică adoptarea și/sau modificarea de acte normative.

5. *Aspectul instituțional și organizatoric:* aplicarea prevederilor Amendamentului nu necesită înființarea unor structuri noi sau modificarea celor existente și nu va determina abilitarea instituțiilor implicate cu împuterniciri noi.

6. *Aspectul financiar:* prevederile Amendamentului nu implică costuri suplimentare din partea Guvernului Republicii Moldova pentru asigurarea acțiunilor legate de aspectele normativ, instituțional și organizatoric. Acordul presupune suport bugetar transferat direct în conturile Ministerului Finanțelor.

7. *Aspectul temporar:* Acordul de Finanțare va acționa pe o perioadă de 72 luni de la data intrării în vigoare.

C. Rezultatul negocierilor

Potrivit pct.83 din Regulamentul privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin Hotărârea Guvernului nr.442/2015, organul responsabil pentru încheierea tratatului poate înainta propunerea adoptării unei singure Hotărâri de Guvern privind inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării, în anumite cazuri expres prevăzute în aceasta. Având în vedere situația dificilă cu care se confruntă țara noastră în contextul crizei energetice și necesitatea de consolidare și reziliență a sectorului energetic precum și susținerea, prin compensări, a instituțiilor sociale, familiilor și mediului de afaceri, se propune adoptarea unei singure Hotărâri de Guvern.

D. Aspectul procedural al semnării/încheierii tratatului

Tratatul propus este încheiat în conformitate Legea nr.595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova și Regulamentul privind modul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale aprobat prin HG nr.442/2015.

Inițiativa de a încheia un asemenea tratat aparține ambelor Părți, ca urmare a consultărilor permanente cu comisia Europeană.

Tratatul va fi semnat în limba engleză, în două exemplare, de către Secretarul general al Guvernului, dl Artur MIJA și reprezentantul Comisiei Europene.

Secretar general al Guvernului

Artur MIJA

SINTEZA

Obiecțiilor/propunerilor privind inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială", semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025

Participantul la avizare /expertizare	Conținutul obiecției/ propunerii/recomandării	Argumentarea
Ministerul Afacerilor Externe	Proiectul tratatului supus avizării se încadrează în categoria celor specificate la art. 13, alin. (1), lit. d) din Legea nr. 595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova, respectiv, în conformitate cu articolul 7, alin. (2) al aceleiași legi, se impune obținerea avizului consultativ al Comisiei politice externe și integrare europeană a Parlamentului.	Se ia act
	Cu privire la Argumentarea necesității inițierii negocierilor, se impune necesitatea completării acesteia potrivit cerințelor specificate în anexele nr. 1-4 ale Regulamentului privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin HG nr. 442/2015, respectând structura aprobată (<i>din conținutul Argumentării lipsește „Analiza de impact”</i>).	Se acceptă
	La capitolul D „Aspectul procedural al semnării/încheierii tratatului”, ultimul alineat urmează a fi reformulat astfel încât se va menționa că tratatul va fi semnat din partea Guvernului Republicii Moldova de către Secretarul general al Guvernului, dl Artur MIJA.	Se acceptă
Ministerul Finanțelor	Comunică lipsa de propuneri și obiecții	Se ia act
Ministerul Dezvoltării Economice și Digitalizării	Comunică lipsa de obiecții și propuneri.	Se ia act
Ministerul Justiției	Referitor la <i>proiectul Hotărârii de Guvern</i> , în redacția rusă, la pct. 1 propunem substituirea termenului „изменения” cu „Поправки”. Adițional, în clauza de adoptare se va substitui expresia „Официальный вестник” cu „Официальный монитор”.	Se acceptă

	Cu privire la <i>proiectul Amendamentului</i> , în tot cuprinsul textului se va substitui termenul „Addendum” cu „Amendament”, pentru a asigura concordanța termenului cu prevederile Acordului de finanțare de bază și cu proiectul hotărârii de Guvern. Suplimentar, se va completa cu o dispoziție referitor la limbile autentice în care se încheie Amendamentul.	Se acceptă
	Cu privire la <i>Argumentarea necesității inițierii negocierilor și aprobării semnării Amendamentului</i> , se va respecta structura argumentării prevăzută în anexa nr. 4 la Regulamentul privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin Hotărârea de Guvern nr. 442/2015.	Se acceptă
Ministerul Energiei	La versiunea în limba engleză, la Anexa II: Ordinea de reformă – domeniul de politică 6 energie (proiect final, în cadrul consultării în materie de interservice, comunicăm următoarele. La tabelul „Policy area 7: Energy”, la pct. 15, textul „Scaling up of Residential Energy Efficiency Fund to provide, incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses renovation, including vulnerable households.” se va înlocui cu textul „Residential Energy Efficiency Fund (REEF) operational, providing incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses, including vulnerable households to increase energy efficient”.	Nu se acceptă Formularea este aliniată cu Agenda de reforme din Planul de creștere pentru Moldova
	La același tabel la pct. 24. textul „Establishment of a one stop shop platform” se va înlocui cu textul „Establishment of a one stop shop platform”. De asemenea textul „Note: In order to facilitate the development of the renewable energy field, Article 150 of the Urban Planning and Building Code stipulates that the installation of power plants using renewable energy sources - in the case of individual houses, within the limits of the privately owned land on which the power plant is installed – and the installation of photovoltaic panels on the roof of residential blocks, intended for the supply of electricity to common areas, installed according to the project documentation prepared only for the electrical and resistance	Nu se acceptă Formularea este aliniată cu Agenda de reforme din Planul de creștere pentru Moldova

SINTEZA

Obiecțiilor/propunerilor privind inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială", semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025

	compartments, may be carried out without a planning certificate and building permit; Also in art. 74 of the Condominium Law no. 187/2022 it is stipulated that the owner has the right to install on the roof of the building, on any other suitable common area and in his unit, with the consent of the general assembly, systems for the production of energy from renewable sources for his own consumption" urmează a fi exclus.	
	La Tabelul Domeniul de politică 6: Energie, la Treapta nr. 8, coloana Descrierea și definirea clară a ceea ce implică fiecare etapă, textul „1 octombrie 2025” se va înlocui cu textul „1 ianuarie 2026”.	Nu se acceptă Indicatorii propuși sunt în concordanță cu condițiile stabilite în Scrisoarea de Intenție.
	La Treapta nr. 11, textul „comerțul sau distribuția gazelor” se va înlocui cu textul „furnizarea sau distribuția gazelor naturale, sau retragerea licenței SA „Moldovagaz” în caz de neîndeplinire corespunzătoare a principiilor de separare (unbundling) în conformitate cu prevederile Pachetului energetic III.”.	Se acceptă
	La rubrica „Termenul de punere în aplicare” Treapta nr. 13, termenul „iunie 2026” se va înlocui cu termenul „decembrie 2027”.	Nu se acceptă Acest termen este aliniat la Agenda de reforme
	La Anexa pentru sprijin bugetar: dispoziții, condiții și indicatori de performanță, comunicăm următoarele. La Indicatorul nr. 1 – Sprijinul pentru situații de urgență energetică pentru versiunea în limba engleză, textul „EUR 10 million worth of the provided electricity is used by the Right Bank” se va înlocui cu textul „A maximum volume of natural gas in the amount of EUR 20 million was purchased and transported and delivered to the Left Bank and a maximum volume of electricity for EUR 10 million to be delivered to the Right Bank.”	Nu se acceptă Modificarea propusă este depășită și irelevantă deoarece indicatorul 1 a fost atins.
	Suplimentar la pct. 4 textul „Hotărârea de guvern este adoptată în cadrul Ședinței de Guvern și publicată ulterior.” Se va înlocui cu textul „Hotărârea de Guvern este adoptată în cadrul Ședinței	Nu se acceptă Aceasta modificare va duce la mărirea termenului de atingere a indicatorului.

	de Guvern și publicată ulterior în Monitorul Oficial al Republicii Moldova.”	
	La indicatorul nr. 6, la rândul Obiectiv pentru anul 1, textul „Au fost adoptate norme care impun eliminarea marilor consumatori industriali de gaze din domeniul de aplicare al obligației de serviciu public începând cu 1 octombrie 2025” va fi înlocuit cu textul „Au fost propuse spre adoptare norme care impun eliminarea marilor consumatori industriali de gaze naturale din domeniul de aplicare al obligației de serviciu public începând cu 1 ianuarie 2026 în conformitate cu Avizul Secretariatului Comunității Energetice.”	Nu se acceptă Termenul este aliniat la Agenda de Reforme
	La Anexa I: Dispoziții tehnice și administrative , comunicăm următoarele. La pct. 2.5. Matricea Cadrului Logic Indicativ, Rezultatele preconizate ale politicii (obiective specifice), indicatorul 2.1 Rata de finalizare a interconexiunilor cheie (Vulcănești – Chișinău), urmează a fi ajustat textul din coloana Obiectivul până la sfârșitul contractului de sprijin bugetar, întrucât textul „2.1 2027:100%” va avea următorul cuprins „2.1 2025: 100%”. Totodată, la indicatorul similar în coloana Surse de date textul „2.1 Ministerul Energiei & Ministerul Infrastructurii și Dezvoltării Regionale Rapoarte” se va înlocui cu textul „2.1 Rapoartele Ministerului Energiei, UCIPE”. La pct. 2.5. Matricea Cadrului Logic Indicativ, Realizări directe, indicatorul 2.2.1 creșterea capacității de producție a energiei electrice, în coloana Obiectivul până la sfârșitul contractului de sprijin bugetar lipsește termenul de implementare a acestuia. - la coloana „Surse de date”, la rândul „Realizări induse” pentru pct. 3.1.2 va fi responsabil Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă. Totodată la pct. 4.1.1. considerăm relevant de exclus Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă. La aceeași coloană, la rândul „Realizări directe”, textul „3.1.1.1 Ministerul Muncii și Protecției Sociale, 3.1.1.2 Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED) Ministerul Energiei), 4.1.1 Centrul Național	Nu se acceptă Anexa privind dispoziții tehnice și administrative a fost anterior negociată și nu poate fi modificată. La un amendament ulterior pot fi modificate sursele de verificare.

SINTEZA

Obiecțiilor/propunerilor privind inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială", semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025

	pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED) Ministerul Energiei” va fi înlocuit cu textul „3.1.1.1 Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED), 3.1.1.2 Ministerul Economiei și Digitalizării; Ministerul Muncii și Protecției Sociale, Ministerul Energiei, Ministerul Infrastructurii și Dezvoltării Regionale. Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED), 4.1.1 Ministerul Energiei Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED)”. De asemenea menționăm că, pe tot parcursul documentelor / anexelor, denumirea acțiunilor trebuie să fie exact în conformitate cu Scrisoarea de intenție dintre Republica Moldova și Comisia Europeană, semnată la 4 februarie 2025.	
Ministerul Muncii și Protecției Sociale		
Ministerul Agriculturii și Industriei Alimentare	Comunică lipsa de propuneri și obiecții	Se ia act
Ministerul Infrastructurii și Dezvoltării Regionale		
Agenția Națională pentru Reglementare în Energetică (ANRE)		
Ministerul Educației și Cercetării	Comunică lipsa de propuneri și obiecții	Se ia act
Comisia parlamentară politică externă și integrare europeană	Se pronunță în favoarea inițierii negocierilor și aprobării semnării.	Se ia act

ADDENDUM No. 1

To Financing Agreement

Republic of Moldova - "Sector Reform Performance Contract" – OPSYS ACT-62648

The European Commission, hereinafter referred to as "**the Commission**", acting on behalf of the European Union, hereinafter referred to as "**the EU**",

of the one part, and

the Government of the Republic of Moldova, hereinafter referred to as "**the Partner**", represented by the Secretary general of the Government.

of the other part,

have agreed as follows:

The above-mentioned Financing Agreement, signed on 31 January 2025 is modified as follows:

Special Conditions

Article 1 – Nature of the action

Article 1.2 is replaced to read as follows:

“The total estimated cost of this action is EUR 174 000 000 and the maximum EU contribution to this action is set at EUR 174 000 000.

This budget support action is composed of:

- (a) a budget support component with a maximum EU contribution of EUR 167 000 000.
- (b) a complementary support component with a total estimated cost of EUR 7 000 000 and a maximum EU contribution of EUR 7 000 000.”

Annex I: Technical and Administrative Provisions for Implementation (TAPs)

The text of the TAPs is updated in line with the current situation.

All the sections are modified.

The annex to the TAPS – Disbursement arrangements, conditions and performance indicators – is modified.

The new version of Annex I is attached to this addendum.

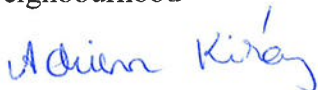
All other terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement remain unchanged.

The addendum shall enter into force on the date on which it is signed by the last party.

Done in two original copies, one copy being handed to the Commission and one to the Partner.

Done at _____

Done at Brussels

For the Partner: Artur MIJA Secretary general of the Government Signature: Date:	For the Commission: Adrienn KIRÁLY Director Neighbourhood East and Institution Building Directorate-General for Enlargement and Eastern Neighbourhood  Signature: Date: 28/03/2025
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Encl.: Annex I: Technical and Administrative Provisions for Implementation and its annex (2 copies)



Annex I: Technical and Administrative Provisions

1. SYNOPSIS

1.1. Action Summary Table

1. Title OPSYS Basic Act	Moldova Energy Independence and Resilience Annual Action Plan in favour of the Republic of Moldova for 2024 – part 2 OPSYS business reference: ACT-62648 ABAC Commitment level 1 number: JAD.1417003 Financed under the Neighbourhood, Development and International Cooperation Instrument (NDICI-Global Europe).
2. Economic and Investment Plan (EIP)	Yes - ii. Energy
EIP Flagship	Yes - 3. Increasing energy efficiency
3. Team Europe Initiative	No
4. Beneficiary(y)/(ies) of the action	The action shall be carried out in the Republic of Moldova.
5. Programming document	Multiannual Indicative Programme (MIP) 2021-2027 for the Republic of Moldova ¹
6. Link with relevant MIP(s) objectives/expected results	Priority area 3: Environment and climate resilience
PRIORITY AREAS AND SECTOR INFORMATION	
7. Priority Area(s), sectors	230 Energy
8. Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)	Main SDG: SDG 7 Sustainable and modern energy for all Other significant SDGs (up to 9) and where appropriate, targets: SDG 5 – Achieve gender equality and empower women SDG 13 Combat climate change and its impact SDG 10 Reduced inequalities

¹ Commission implementing decision of 29/06/2022 adopting a multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Moldova for the period 2021-2027 - C(2022) 4323 final

9. DAC code(s)	23210 - Energy generation, renewable sources - multiple technologies - 100%			
10. Main Delivery Channel	12000 – Recipient government			
11. Targets	☐ Migration ☒ Climate ☒ Social inclusion and Human Development ☒ Gender ☐ Biodiversity ☐ Human Rights, Democracy and Governance			
12. Markers (from DAC form)	General policy objective	Not targeted	Significant objective	Principal objective
	Participation development/good governance	☐	☒	☐
	Aid to environment	☐	☒	☐
	Gender equality and women's and girl's empowerment	☐	☒	☐
	Reproductive, maternal, new-born and child health	☒	☐	☐
	Disaster Risk Reduction	☒	☐	☐
	Inclusion of persons with Disabilities	☐	☒	☐
	Nutrition	☒	☐	☐
	RIO Convention markers	Not targeted	Significant objective	Principal objective
	Biological diversity	☒	☐	☐
	Combat desertification	☒	☐	☐
	Climate change mitigation	☐	☒	☐
	Climate change adaptation	☐	☒	☐
	13. Internal markers and Tags	Policy objectives	Not targeted	Significant objective
EIP		☐	☐	☒
EIP Flagship		YES ☒		NO ☐
Tags		YES ☐		NO ☐
transport		☐		☒
energy		☒		☐
environment, climate resilience		☒		☐
digital		☐		☒

	economic development (incl. private sector, trade and macroeconomic support)	☐	☒
	human development (incl. human capital and youth)	☐	☒
	health resilience	☐	☒
	migration and mobility	☐	☒
	agriculture, food security and rural development	☐	☒
	rule of law, governance and public administration reform	☐	☒
	other	☐	☒
	Digitalisation	☒	☐
	Tags	YES	NO
	digital connectivity	☐	☒
	digital governance	☐	☒
	digital entrepreneurship	☐	☒
	digital skills/literacy	☐	☒
digital services	☐	☒	
Connectivity	☐	☒	
Tags	YES	NO	
digital connectivity	☐	☒	
energy	☒	☐	
transport	☐	☒	
health	☐	☒	
education and research	☐	☒	
Migration	☒	☐	
Reduction of Inequalities	☐	☒	
COVID-19	☒	☐	
BUDGET INFORMATION			

14. Amounts concerned	Budget line(s) (article, item): 14.020111 Eastern Neighbourhood Total estimated cost: EUR 174 000 000.00 Total amount of EU budget contribution EUR 174 000 000.00 of which EUR 167 000 000.00 for budget support and EUR 7 000 000.00 for complementary support. The contribution is for an amount of EUR 64 000 000 from the general budget of the European Union for 2024 and for an amount of EUR 73 000 000 from the general budget of the European Union for 2025. An additional contribution of EUR 37 000 000 from the general budget of the European Union from 2025 or 2026 could be made if conditions relative to the Transnistrian region are met.
MANAGEMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION	
15. Implementation modalities (management mode and delivery methods)	Direct management through: - Budget Support Sector Reform Performance Contract - Grants Indirect management with the entity(ies) to be selected in accordance with the criteria set out in section 3.2.2.

1.2. Summary of the Action

This action contributes to achieving results under the MIP 2021-2027, priority area 3: Environment and climate resilience. It represents the second part of the Annual Action Plan in favour of the Republic of Moldova for 2024.

This action aims to strengthen the energy independence and resilience of the Republic of Moldova (hereinafter Moldova) in a still complex geopolitical context while promoting an accession-oriented reform agenda and address key priorities from the National Energy Strategy² (NES 2030).

On 4 February 2025, the Commission and Moldova agreed on a 2-year Comprehensive Strategy for Energy Independence and Resilience³. The Government of Moldova and the European Union recognised the challenging situation in Moldova, particularly in the Transnistrian region which was on the brink of a humanitarian crisis in January, caused by the interruption of supply by Russia of natural gas. Russia's decision to halt gas deliveries has challenged Moldova's energy independence and resilience which the Comprehensive Package aims to address in a holistic way. Under this strategy, overall support for Moldova would account to EUR 250 million for 2025, of which EUR 100 million provided by the EU.

In parallel, under this strategy, EUR 60 million is available to cover the heating and electricity needs in the Transnistrian region to prevent a humanitarian fallout and its destabilising effects as well as to avoid negative social and economic impacts on the Right Bank. This assistance is subject to the fulfilment of concrete steps concerning human rights and fundamental freedoms in the Transnistrian region to be agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova prior to delivering the assistance.

² Hereafter, and inter-exchangeably, refers to sector strategy or sector policy. Full text of the Strategy available here: https://www.legis.md/cautare/getResults?doc_id=68103&lang=ro

³https://enlargement.ec.europa.eu/news/european-commission-and-moldova-agree-2-year-comprehensive-strategy-energy-independence-and-2025-02-04_en

The proposed action will seek to maintain reform momentum in the energy sector, strengthening the energy security and independence of the country, further contributing to market reforms and strengthening the use of renewables, while contributing to the flagship on energy of the Economic and Investment Plan (EIP) for Moldova. It is in line with the National Energy Strategy, which lays out the following three main objectives: i) securing energy supply, ii) developing competitive markets (and ensuring their regional and European integration), and iii) promoting energy sustainability while combating climate change. The budget support programme focuses on the key reform priorities outlined in the National Energy Strategy and in the Moldova Growth Plan, with dedicated reforms outlined in the future Reform Agenda⁴ and its pillar on energy.

The specific objectives are in line with the Joint Communication “The Eastern Partnership policy beyond 2020: Reinforcing Resilience – an Eastern Partnership that delivers for all” on the future of the Eastern Partnership⁵ as well as the policy targets of the Joint Staff Working Document ‘Recovery, resilience and reform: post 2020 Eastern Partnership priorities’⁶. The Action is aligned with the National Energy Strategy 2030. The targeted Sustainable Development Goals are 7, 10, and 13.

1.3. Beneficiar(y)/(ies) of the action

The Action shall be carried out in the Republic of Moldova which is included in the list of ODA recipients.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTION

2.1 Objectives and Expected Outputs

The Overall Objective/Impact of this action is to strengthen Moldova’s energy security and independence and to support relevant reforms in the energy sector.

The Specific Objectives (**Outcomes**) of this action are to:

1. The energy sector is reformed to establish a national energy market, compliant with the Energy Community Treaty legal requirement
2. Moldova’s power generation capacities are modernised, greener, balancing services introduced, and energy efficiency measures implemented across all sectors.
3. Energy prices progressively adjusted, by introducing a robust mechanism to mitigate the impact of rising energy costs on vulnerable populations.
4. Moldova's dependence on Russian gas supplies for heating and electricity generation is reduced, ensuring energy security through diversification of energy sources, notably promotion of renewable energy.

The **Induced Outputs** to be delivered by this action contributing to the corresponding Specific Objectives (Outcomes) are:

- 1.1 contributing to Outcome 1 (Specific Objective 1): Integration into the EU energy market and alignment with EU *acquis* in energy is advanced.
- 2.1 contributing to Outcome 2 (Specific Objective 2): Enhanced investments in energy infrastructure and energy efficiency.
- 2.2 contributing to Outcome 2 (Specific Objective 2): Reduced greenhouse gas emissions due to energy savings as a result of energy efficient measures.

⁴ At the moment of writing still under development.

⁵ JOIN(2020) 7 final

⁶ Joint Staff Working Document – Recovery, resilience and reform: post 2020 Eastern partnership priorities – SWD(2021) 186 final
- https://www.eeas.europa.eu/sites/default/files/swd_2021_186_f1_joint_staff_working_paper_en_v2_pl_1356457_0.pdf

3.1 contributing to Outcome 1 (Specific Objective 3): Vulnerable populations are supported to cope with higher energy prices.

4.1 contributing to Outcome 4 (Specific Objective 4): Sources of Energy production are diversified among neighbouring countries, renewable energy capacities are enhanced.

4.2 contributing to Outcome 4 (Specific Objective 4): More stable energy prices in the short – medium terms.

4.3 contributing to Outcome 4 (Specific Objective 4): Impact of the energy crisis on the people in the Transnistrian region is mitigated, subject to the fulfilment of conditions agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova.

The **Direct Outputs** to be delivered by this action contributing to the corresponding Induced Outputs are:

1.1.1 contributing to Induced Output 1.1: New legal frameworks and regulations that align Moldova's energy sector with the Energy Community Treaty legal requirements, are implemented

2.1.1 contributing to Induced Output 2.1: Buildings renovated and upgraded to energy efficiency standards.

2.2.1 contributing to Induced Output 2.2: Increased power generation capacity and the installation of advanced energy efficiency technologies, leading to improved reliability of the energy grid and reduced energy consumption across residential, industrial, and commercial sectors.

3.1.1 contributing to Induced Output 3.1: Mechanisms to help the vulnerable population with the burden of increased energy prices are introduced.

4.1.1 contributing to Induced Output 4.1: Alternative energy sources, such as renewable energy projects (e.g., wind, solar, geothermal and sustainable biomass), are developed, so to increased share of domestically produced energy in the national grid.

4.2.1 contributing to Induced Output 4.2: Market energy prices set on a more diversified energy mix

4.3.1 contributing to Induced Output 4.3: The Transnistrian region fulfils conditions to be agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova.

2.2 Indicative activities

Technical assistance to complement the implementation of the Reform Agenda will be supported through **complementary measures**. Continuous policy dialogue will be ensured with the State Chancellery, which is responsible for the policy coordination with the line ministries.

Activities related to Direct Output 1.1.1:

- Draft legislative acts for: National terms and conditions for the balancing in line with the provisions of the Electricity Balancing Guideline and aligned with EnC acquis.
- Launch public procurement tenders for balancing capacities (tenders to be launched by Moldelectrica).
- Designate a Nominated Electricity Market Operator.
- Introduce day ahead and intraday markets.
- Operationalise electricity market coupling (conditioned on acceptance by EU Market Coupling Steering Committee).
- Present to the Parliament a Law to approximate the Moldovan VAT to the EU legislation, to integrate the wholesale market.
- Establish draft rules for imbalance settlement process for the whole territory of Moldova. Introduce rules requiring the removal of large industrial gas customers from the scope of the public service obligation with effect from 1 October 2025.
- Organise a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure for the selection of a universal service supplier of gas (supplier of last resort).

Activities related to Direct Output 2.1.1:

- Put in place measures to finance energy efficiency in residential sector through the Residential Energy Efficiency Fund.
- Deliver capacity building and training in energy efficiency standards of buildings.

Activities related to Direct Output 2.2.1:

- Scale up eco-voucher programmes.
- Establish the legal framework for energy performance of building (related to energy performance certificates issuing).
- Develop and operationalise the tool for energy performance of buildings certificates.
- Operationalise the Residential Energy Efficiency Fund (REEF), providing incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses, including vulnerable households to increase energy efficiency.

Activities related to Direct Output 3.1.1:

- The Government of Moldova will compensate excess electricity costs for all households for up to 110 kWh until 31st December 2025.
- The Government of Moldova compensates the increase of electricity costs for social institutions, including kindergartens, schools and hospitals.
- For the most exposed households a dedicated hardship fund is put in place to alleviate the energy bills.
- Agri-food and manufacturing businesses benefit from support with their energy bills.

Activities related to Direct Output 4.1.1:

- Expand self-consumption schemes for individuals and businesses prosumers.
- Launch new renewable (and energy storage) auctions in 2025.

Activities related to Direct Output 4.2.1

- Present to the Parliament a gas law to meet the gas storage obligations of at least 15% of the total consumption.

Activities related to Direct Output 4.3.1

- Concrete steps concerning human rights and fundamental freedoms in the Transnistrian region, to be agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova, are fulfilled.

2.3 Mainstreaming

Environmental Protection, Climate Change and Biodiversity

Outcomes of the Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) screening (relevant for budget support and strategic-level interventions).

The SEA screening concluded that no further action was required. Key environmental and climate-related aspects need be addressed during design.

Outcomes of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) screening (relevant for projects and/or specific interventions within a project).

The EIA screening classified the action as Category C (no need for further assessment).

Outcome of the Climate Risk Assessment (CRA) screening (relevant for projects and/or specific interventions within a project).

The CRA screening concluded that this action is no or low risk (no need for further assessment).

Gender equality and empowerment of women and girls

As per OECD Gender DAC codes identified in section 1.1, this action is labelled as G1 and gender equality is mainstreamed throughout the action. This implies that the principles of gender equality and women empowerment are significant objectives to this Action. The implementation of this action is guided by the principles and objectives of the EU Gender Action Plan III⁷. In line with the EU Gender Action Plan III and the Country Level Implementation Plan, the Action is addressing the challenges and harnessing the opportunities offered by the green transition. In addition, the Action foresees consultations with participation of women organisations.

Human Rights

All activities included in this action are designed and are to be implemented in accordance with the principles of good governance, democracy and human rights. Problem analysis identifies persons living in vulnerable situations which are potentially impacted by the future Action – rural population, older women and men, persons with disabilities, refugees from Ukraine, and Roma. It includes protection, promotion and fulfilment of human rights by building the capacities of the duty-bearers, as well as empowers the right-holders to claim their rights through awareness raising and information activities. The proposed Action is in line with the Human Rights Country Strategy for Moldova and addresses concerns raised by International Treaty Bodies as well as deficiencies identified by the European Court of Human Rights of the Council of Europe.

Disability

As per OECD Disability DAC codes identified in section 1.1, this action is labelled as D1. This implies that the rights of people with disabilities are significant objectives to this Action. The proposed Action promotes the rights, social inclusion and/or empowerment of persons with disabilities through inclusive activities, awareness raising and capacity building. In addition, the Action foresees consultations with participation of organisations of persons with disabilities.

Democracy

This action will support accountable public administration which is essential for democratic governance and inclusive economic development. The citizens have a democratic right to an accountable, transparent, and well-functioning public administration. This is also a guarantee for delivery of quality services and the key driver of economic growth and competitiveness.

Conflict sensitivity, peace and resilience

The ‘do no harm’ principle and conflict-sensitivity are embedded in the Action. It considers “benefits of peace” for the broader society which are important to support more comprehensive conflict transformation and longer- term socio-economic development and resilience, notably supporting the country’s energy security, economic development and increased employability of the workforce. The action aims to promote peace and cooperation between key stakeholders in Moldova and conflict prevention to mitigate the consequences of Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine in Moldova.

Disaster Risk Reduction

N/A

2.4 Intervention Logic

The underlying intervention logic for this action is that:

⁷ The Gender Action Plan III is a Joint communication by the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy which was welcomed through EU Presidency Conclusions of 16 December 2020. Drafting was led by the European Commission in close consultation with EU Member States, EEAS, civil society organisations, partner governments, and international organisations (UN entities, International Finance Institutions among others). The different parties contributed to the drafting of the document through meetings and through responses to a survey conducted during the process; https://international-partnerships.ec.europa.eu/system/files/2021-01/join-2020-17-final_en.pdf

IF the energy sector is reformed to establish a national energy market, compliant with the Energy Community Treaty legal requirement (Specific Objective 1); AND Moldova's power generation capacities are modernised, balancing services are introduced, and energy efficiency measures across all sectors are implemented (Specific Objective 2),

AND energy price is progressively adjusted, by introducing robust mechanisms to mitigate the impact of rising energy costs on vulnerable populations (Specific Objective 3), Moldova's dependence on Russian gas supplies for heating and electricity generation is reduced, in order to ensure energy security through diversification of energy sources (Specific Objective 4),

WHILE Moldova continues its path towards economic recovery, macro-financial stability and EU accession; AND has adequate institutional and human resource capacities of public administration in order to implement the reforms,

THEN this action will contribute to strengthening Moldova's energy security and independence and to supporting relevant reforms in the energy sector.

2.5 Indicative Logical Framework Matrix

Results	Results chain	Indicators (max. 15)	Baselines (value and year)	Targets by the end of the budget support contract (value and year)	Sources of data (1 per indicator)
Indicative Impact of the policy	To strengthen Moldova's energy security and independence and to support relevant reforms in the energy sector	Share of energy sources imports from non-Russian sources (%)	2024: 82%	2025: 100%	1.1 Ministry of Energy Reports, ANRE Reports
Expected Outcomes of the policy (Specific Objectives)	1. The energy sector is reformed to establish a national energy market, compliant with the Energy Community Treaty legal requirement.	1.1 Number of legal and regulatory reforms adopted and enforced to align with Energy Community Treaty legal obligation.	1.1 tbc	1.1 tbc	1.1 Ministry of Energy Reports; ANRE Reports
	2. Moldova's power generation capacities were modernised, greener, balancing services were introduced, and energy efficiency measures were implemented across all sectors.	2.1 Completion rate of key interconnectors (Vulcănești-Chișinău) (%)	2.1 (Vulcănești-Chișinău) 2023: 0%	2.1 2027: 100%	2.1 Ministry of Energy & Ministry of Infrastructure and Regional Development Reports
	3. Energy prices were progressively adjusted, by introducing robust mechanisms to mitigate the impact of rising energy costs on vulnerable populations.	2.2 Energy savings from efficiency measures (ktoe)	2.2 2024: 2.84 ktoe	2.2 2027: 64.33 ktoe	2.2. Ministry of Energy Reports; CNED, UCIPE
	4. Moldova's dependence on Russian gas supplies for heating	3.1 Number of vulnerable households receiving energy-efficient appliances or home insulation upgrades.	3.1 2024: 14000	3.1 2027: 35000	3.1 Ministry of Energy Reports; National Centre for Sustainable Energy
					4.1 Ministry of Energy Reports; ANRE Reports

	and electricity generation was reduced, ensuring energy security through diversification of energy sources, notably promotion of renewable energy.	4.1 Energy independence increased due to energy savings as a result of energy efficiency measures taken at the annual level	4.1 2024: 6 million kWh saved (2024)	4.1 Additional 12 million kWh (2027)	
Induced Outputs	1.1 Integration into the EU energy market and alignment with EU <i>acquis</i> in energy was advanced.	1.1.1 Adoption of key legal frameworks (Electricity Integration Package, National Energy and Climate Plan)	1.1.1.1 2024: No	1.1.1; 2025: Yes	1.1.1 Ministry of Energy Reports; ANRE Reports
	2.1 Enhanced investments in energy infrastructure and energy efficiency.	2.1.1 Total installed renewable capacity (MWh)	2.1.1 2024: 580 MWh	2.1.1 2027: 800 MWh	2.1.1 ANRE Reports
	2.2 Reduced greenhouse gas emissions due to energy savings as a result of energy efficient support measures.	2.2.1 GERF 2.7 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions avoided (tonnes CO2eq) with EU	2.2.1 2024: tbc	2.2.1 2027: tbc	2.2.1 Ministry of Energy reports
	3.1 Vulnerable populations, were supported to cope with higher energy prices.	3.1.1 Number of businesses receiving compensation for electricity	3.1.1 2024: 0	3.1.1 2025 (6000) SMEs; Support to businesses worth EUR 15 million.	3.1.1 Ministry of Economy and Digitalisation; Ministry of Labour and Social Protection, Ministry of Energy
		3.1.2 Number of vulnerable households receiving energy-efficient appliances or home insulation upgrades.	3.1.2 2024: 14000 households	3.1.2 2027: 35000 households	3.1.2; 3.1.3; 3.1.4; 3.1.5 Ministry of Labour and Social Protection
		3.1.3 Compensations for electricity costs for social institutions	3.1.3 2024: 0	3.1.3 2025: EUR 20 million worth of support	
		3.1.4 A hardship fund worth EUR 25 million is created	3.1.4 2024: No		

37

	4.1 Sources of energy production were diversified among neighbouring countries, renewable energy capabilities were enhanced.	3.1.5 Number of households compensated for electricity and/or gas consumption	3.1.5 2024: 700 000	3.1.4 2025: Yes	4.1.1 Ministry of Energy Reports, National Centre for Sustainable Energy
	4.2 More stable energy prices in the short-medium terms.	4.1.1 Share of imported electricity	4.1.1 2025: tbc	3.1.5 2025: 1.3 million	4.2.1 Ministry of Energy Reports, ANRE Reports
	4.3 Impact of the energy crisis on the people in the Transnistrian region was mitigated, subject to the fulfilment of conditions agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova.	4.2.1 The Energy Price Alignment Index is calculated	4.2.1 2025: 0	4.1.1 2026: tbc	
		4.3.1 Number of agreed steps implemented following political dialogue between the constitutional authorities and the Transnistrian region	4.3.1 2025: 2 steps	4.2.1 2026: full price alignment with international market 4.3.1 2026: 4 additional steps	4.3.1 Government of Moldova
Direct Outputs	1.1.1. New legal frameworks and regulations that align Moldova's energy sector with the Energy Community Treaty, legal requirements were implemented.	1.1.1. Number of legal and regulatory reforms adopted and enforced to align with Energy Community Treaty legal obligation.	1.1.1. (2024): tbc	1.1.1. 2027: tbc	1.1.1. Ministry of Energy Reports; Ministry of Labour and Social Protection
	2.1.1 Buildings renovated and upgraded to energy efficiency standards.	2.1.1. Number of refurbished housing units, according to energy performance criteria	2.1.1 2024: 5	2.1.1 2027: 500	2.1.1 National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED) Ministry of Energy
	2.2.1 Increased power generation capacity and the installation of advanced energy efficiency technologies, leading to improved reliability of the energy grid and reduced energy	2.2.1 Increase in generation capacity of electricity production	2.2.1 2024: 0 MWh	2.2.1 120 additional MWh	2.2.1 Ministry of Energy Reports
		3.1.1.1 Number of households receiving Vouchers for efficient	3.1.1.1 2024: 14000	3.1.1.1 2027: 35000	3.1.1.1 Ministry of Labour and Social Protection

	consumption across residential, industrial, and commercial sectors.	appliances and with completed energy efficiency retrofits	3.1.1.2 2024:0	3.1.1.2 2025: 153 initiatives	3.1.1.2 National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED) Ministry of Energy
	3.1.1 Mechanisms to help the vulnerable population with the burden of increased energy prices were introduced.	3.1.1.2 Number of public sector initiatives supported for energy savings and compensations			
	4.1.1 Alternative energy sources, such as renewable energy projects (e.g., wind, solar, geothermal and sustainable biomass), were developed, so to increase share of domestically produced energy in the national grid.	4.1.1.1 Number of mechanisms developed to tailor assist vulnerable consumers reduce their consumption of energy	4.1.1.1 2025 : 2	4.1.1.1 2026: 3	4.1.1 National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED) Ministry of Energy
	4.2.1 Market energy prices set on a more diversified energy mix.	4.1.1.2 A road map with clear steps to organize in 2026 a new round of tenders for renewable investments and batteries	4.1.1.2 2025 : 20% share of renewable energy in the grid	4.1.1.2 2026: 25% of renewable energy in the grid	4.2.1.1 Ministry of Energy
	4.3.1 The Transnistrian region fulfilled conditions to be agreed with the Government of the Republic of Moldova.	4.2.1.1 % of energy consumed from diversified sources 4.3.1.1 tbc	4.2.1.1 tbc 4.3.1.1 tbc	4.2.1.1 tbc 4.3.1.1 tbc	4.3.1.1 tbc

3. IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS

3.1 Implementation of the Budget Support Component

3.1.1 Rationale for the Amounts Allocated to Budget Support

The amount allocated for the budget support component is EUR 167 000 000.00 and for complementary support is EUR 7 000 000.00. This amount is based on the needs analysis of Moldova's energy sector in the context of an energy crisis to help address the most immediate emergency needs as well as to ensure the implementation of long-term reforms of the sector.

3.1.2 Criteria for Disbursement of Budget Support

a) Conditions

The general conditions for disbursement of all tranches are as follows:

- Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the **National Energy Strategy 2030** and continued credibility and relevance thereof or of the subsequent policy.
- Maintenance of a credible and relevant stability-oriented macroeconomic policy or progress made towards restoring key balances.
- Satisfactory progress in the implementation of reforms to improve public financial management, including domestic revenue mobilisation, and continued relevance and credibility of the reform programme.
- Satisfactory progress with regard to the public availability of accessible, timely, comprehensive, and sound budgetary information.

b) The performance indicators for disbursement that may be used for variable tranches may focus on the following policy priorities: reforms contributing to the energy resilience and independence of Moldova.

The chosen performance indicators and targets to be used for the disbursement of variable tranches will apply for the duration of the action.

c) Modifications

The chosen performance indicators and targets to be used for the disbursement of variable tranches will apply for the duration of the action. However, in duly justified cases, the partner country and the Commission may agree on changes to indicators or on upward/downward revisions of targets. Such changes shall be authorised in writing ex-ante or at the latest by the end of the first quarter of the period under review applicable to the indicators and targets.

In exceptional and/or duly justified cases, for instance where unexpected events, external shocks or changing circumstances have made the indicator or the target irrelevant and could not be anticipated, a variable tranche indicator may be waived. In these cases, the related amount could either be reallocated to the other indicators of the variable tranche the same year or be transferred to the next variable tranche the following year (in accordance with the original weighting of the indicators). It could also be decided to re-assess an indicator the following year against the original target, if there was a positive trend and the authorities did not reach the target because of factors beyond their control. The use of this provision shall be requested by the partner country and approved in writing by the Commission.

d) Fundamental values

In case of a significant deterioration of fundamental values, budget support disbursements may be suspended, reduced or cancelled, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the financing agreement.

3.1.3 Budget Support Details

The following disbursement calendar and profile proposed for the action is indicative. The actual disbursement calendar and profile will be set out in the financing agreement and may remain subject to change.

Indicative disbursement timetable

Fiscal year and quarterly breakdown (in MEUR)	Year 1 (2025)				Total
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Fixed tranche					
Variable tranche	30+50	50(+37)			167
Total	80	87			167

Budget support is provided as direct untargeted budget support to the national treasury. Part of the budget support may be provided in the form of a prefinancing, to be cleared against the implementation of priority reforms contributing to the energy resilience and independence of Moldova.

The crediting of the euro transfers disbursed into MDL Leu will be undertaken at the appropriate exchange rates in line with the relevant provisions of the financing agreement.

3.2 Implementation modalities

The Commission will ensure that the EU appropriate rules and procedures for providing financing to third parties are respected, including review procedures, where appropriate, and compliance of the action with EU restrictive measures.

3.2.1 Direct management (Grants)

3.2.1.1 Grants

(a) Purpose of the grant(s)

Grants will contribute to the achievement of the Specific Objectives 1, 2, 3, 4 under section 3.1. and Induced Outputs 1.1.to 4.3.

(b) Justification of a direct grant

Under the responsibility of the Commission's authorising officer responsible, the grant may be awarded without a call for proposal to the Energy Community Secretariat.

Under the responsibility of the Commission's authorising officer responsible, the recourse to an award of a grant without a call for proposals is justified by Article 198, point (g) of the Financial Regulation because of activities with specific characteristics that require a particular type of body on account of its technical competence, its high degree of specialisation or its administrative powers, on condition that the activities concerned do not fall within the scope of a call for proposals.

The Energy Community Secretariat has been selected owing to its technical competence in the energy sector. The Energy Community Treaty, signed in 2005, created the legal framework for the Energy Secretariat. The main driving force behind its establishment was the EU, which sought to extend its internal energy market, promoting energy market integration, regulatory alignment, and the transition to sustainable energy systems. The founding principles of the Energy Secretariat are primarily rooted in the goal of supporting the integration and development of a cohesive energy market within the European Union and its neighbouring countries. The Secretariat was established with the objective of facilitating energy cooperation, ensuring the implementation of the Energy Community Treaty, and supporting the harmonization of energy policies across the region. Its key founding principles include: promoting energy market integration, supporting energy policy and regulation harmonization, sustainability and decarbonization, security of supply, collaboration and capacity

building. The award of direct grant based on the Energy Secretariat's unique mandate and ongoing support in energy integration, regulatory harmonization, and sustainability efforts in Moldova, makes it eligible for such funding in the context of Article 198.

3.2.2 Indirect Management with a pillar-assessed entity

3.2.2.1 Indirect Management with a pillar-assessed entity

A part of this action, specifically the complementary measures, may be implemented in indirect management with a pillar-assessed entity(ies), which will be selected by the Commission's services using the following criteria:

- Proven knowledge and expertise in areas relevant for the implementation of reforms in the domains of: private sector and competitiveness; economic resilience and infrastructure; economic governance; social capital; green transition and natural capital; energy; fundamental values.
- A track record and the capacity to develop good working relations with local partners and;
- Demonstrated capacity to deliver work.

The implementation by this entity(ies) entails implementing activities for supporting the implementation of reforms in the domains of: private sector and competitiveness; economic resilience and infrastructure; economic governance; social capital; green transition and natural capital; energy; fundamental values.

3.2.2.2 Indirect Management with a pillar-assessed entity

A part of this action may be implemented in indirect management with the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ). This implementation entails to conduct activities under Specific Objectives 2 (Outcome 2) of this action. The implementation of the action through GIZ would provide continuity and scaling-up of an ongoing successful intervention.

The envisaged entity has been selected using the following criteria:

- Proven knowledge and expertise in the energy efficiency sector;
- A track record and the capacity to develop good working relations with local partners and;
- Demonstrated capacity to deliver work.

3.2.3 Changes from indirect to direct management (and vice versa) mode due to exceptional circumstances

If the implementation modality under indirect management as defined in section 3.2.2. cannot be implemented due to circumstances beyond the control of the Commission, the modality of implementation by grants under direct management would be used according to the following criteria:

(a) Purpose of the grant(s)

Grants will contribute to supporting the implementation of reforms in the domains of: private sector and competitiveness; economic resilience and infrastructure; economic governance; social capital; green transition and natural capital; energy; fundamental values.

(b) Type of applicants targeted

Grant applicants can be entities experienced and active in the domains of: private sector and competitiveness; economic resilience and infrastructure; economic governance; social capital; green transition and natural capital; energy; fundamental values.

3.3 Scope of geographical eligibility for procurement and grants

The geographical eligibility in terms of place of establishment for participating in procurement and grant award procedures and in terms of origin of supplies purchased as established in the basic act and set out in the relevant contractual documents shall apply, subject to the following provisions.

The Commission's authorising officer responsible may extend the geographical eligibility on the basis of urgency or of unavailability of services in the markets of the countries or territories concerned, or in other duly substantiated cases where application of the eligibility rules would make the realisation of this action impossible or exceedingly difficult (Article 28(10) of the NDICI-Global Europe Regulation).

3.4 Indicative Budget

Indicative Budget components	EU contribution (amount in EUR)
Budget support - cf. section 3.1	167 000 000.00
Complementary measures – composed of	7 000 000.00
Grants (direct management) – cf. section 3.2.1	3 000 000.00
Indirect management with pillar assessed entity(ies) – cf. section 3.2.2.1	3 000 000.00
Indirect management with the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) – cf. section 3.2.2.2	1 000 000.00
Grants – total envelope under section 3.2.1	3 000 000.00
Evaluation – cf. section 4.2 Audit – cf. section 4.3	Will be covered by another Decision
Strategic communication and Public diplomacy – cf. section 5	will be covered by another Decision
Totals	174 000 000.00

3.5 Organisational Set-up and Responsibilities

In October 2021, as an imminent response to the energy crisis, increased energy security and a better functioning energy market were identified as key cooperation priorities at the first meeting of the EU-Moldova High-Level Dialogue on Energy. Since then, the High-Level Dialogues have offered an effective platform for continued EU-Moldovan cooperation on priority energy issues. The 5th dialogue took place on 1-2 February 2024 in Chisinau. As a basis for further cooperation, a Joint Moldova-Energy Community and Commission Roadmap was endorsed, outlining the next steps and a timeline of further reforms covering the gas and electricity market and to boost energy efficiency and renewable energy capacity. On another level, Moldova was the first eastern country to join the Energy Community in May 2010. The membership provides a continuous framework for high-level energy dialogue with the possibility of involving various stakeholders on the Moldova's side. By working together, the Energy Community Secretariat strongly supports the country's aspirations for closer integration with the European energy market. In the national context, the Ministry of Energy organises a coordination donor meeting four times per year, to ensure complementarity, coherence and alignment between the provided support and policy priorities. These efforts are complemented by regular informal exchanges between the EU Delegation and the relevant authorities.

As part of its prerogative of budget implementation and to safeguard the financial interests of the Union, the Commission may participate in the above governance structures set up for governing the implementation of the action.

4 PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT

4.1 Monitoring and Reporting

The day-to-day technical and financial monitoring of the implementation of this action will be a continuous process, and part of the implementing partner's responsibilities. To this aim, the implementing partner shall establish a permanent internal, technical and financial monitoring system for the action and elaborate regular progress reports (not less than annual) and final reports. Every report shall provide an accurate account of implementation of the action, including from the perspective of gender equality and disability inclusion, difficulties encountered, changes introduced, as well as the degree of achievement of its Outputs and contribution to the achievement of its Outcomes, and if possible at the time of reporting, contribution to the achievement of its Impacts, as measured by corresponding indicators, using as reference the partner's strategy, policy or reform action plan list.

The Commission may undertake additional project monitoring visits both through its own staff and through independent consultants recruited directly by the Commission for independent monitoring reviews (or recruited by the responsible agent contracted by the Commission for implementing such reviews).

Roles and responsibilities for data collection, analysis and monitoring:

The government will coordinate and monitor the development of the above-mentioned actions and policies, including possible necessary reviews. The responsible agency for each objective and measure will be in charge of developing sectoral performance based action plans with further specified outcomes, outputs, Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and budgets based on the evidence-based policy and the budgeting principles of the government of Moldova. Close monitoring of the situation will be performed in coordination with the IMF and other partners such as the EBRD, the EIB and the World Bank.

The statistical and monitoring systems as well as the quality of official data in the policy field covered have been assessed. This assessment has fed into the design of the action as follows: Additional data verification, external review missions, field visits and involvement of civil society organisations shall be considered as complementary measures to ensure data accuracy, to inform decisions on general conditions and variable tranche indicators. These will be covered by other decisions, specifically, the Global Allocation.

4.2 Evaluation

The evaluation of this action may be performed individually or through a joint strategic evaluation of budget support operations carried out with the partner country, other budget support providers and relevant stakeholders.

In case an evaluation is not planned, the Commission may, during implementation, decide to undertake such an evaluation for duly justified reasons either on its own decision or on the initiative of the partner.

The evaluation reports shall be shared with the partner country and other key stakeholders following the best practice of evaluation dissemination. The implementing partner and the Commission shall analyse the conclusions and recommendations of the evaluations and, where appropriate, in agreement with the partner country, jointly decide on the follow-up actions to be taken and any adjustments necessary, including, if indicated, the reorientation of the project.

Evaluation services may be contracted under a framework contract.

4.3 Audit and Verifications

Without prejudice to the obligations applicable to contracts concluded for the implementation of this action, the Commission may, on the basis of a risk assessment, contract independent audit or verification assignments for one or several contracts or agreements.

5. STRATEGIC COMMUNICATION AND PUBLIC DIPLOMACY

All entities implementing EU-funded external actions have the contractual obligation to inform the relevant audiences of the Union's support for their work by displaying the EU emblem and a short funding statement as appropriate on all communication materials related to the actions concerned. To that end they must comply with the instructions given in the 2022 guidance document *Communicating and raising EU visibility: Guidance for external actions* (or any successor document).

This obligation will apply equally, regardless of whether the actions concerned are implemented by the Commission, the partner country, service providers, grant beneficiaries or entrusted or delegated entities such as UN agencies, international financial institutions and agencies of EU Member States. In each case, a reference to the relevant contractual obligations must be included in the respective financing agreement, procurement and grant contracts, and contribution agreements.

For the purpose of enhancing the visibility of the EU and its contribution to this Action, the Commission may sign or enter into joint declarations or statements, as part of its prerogative of budget implementation and to safeguard the financial interests of the Union. Visibility and communication measures should also promote transparency and accountability on the use of funds. Effectiveness of communication activities on awareness about the Action and its objectives as well as on EU funding of the Action should be measured.

Implementing partners shall keep the Commission and EU Delegation in Moldova fully informed of the planning and implementation of specific visibility and communication activities before implementation starts. Implementing partners will ensure adequate visibility of EU financing and will report on visibility and communication actions as well as the results of the overall Action to the relevant monitoring committees.

Government institutions, as well as private sector entities mandated to execute the sector Strategy⁸ are expected to communicate progress made and the results achieved in the sector Strategy execution due to the budgetary support provided by this Action, irrespective of how the Government allocates budgetary resources disbursed by the Action.

Communication efforts by the Government and mandated private sector entities where relevant, must be coordinated with the EU Delegation in the context of this Action, to ensure coherence of narrative and message, as well as visibility of EU support and horizontal strategic communication. The disbursement of the fixed and variable tranches would be accompanied by appropriate communication and visibility.

⁸ Moldelectrica, Moldovagaz, Energocom, ANRE

Appendix 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRIMARY INTERVENTION LEVEL FOR REPORTING IN OPSYS

A Primary intervention (project/programme) is a coherent set of results structured in a logical framework aiming at delivering development change or progress. Identifying the level of the primary intervention will allow for:

- ✓ Differentiating these Actions or Contracts from those that do not produce direct reportable development results, defined as support entities (i.e. audits, evaluations);
- ✓ Articulating Actions and/or Contracts according to an expected common chain of results and therefore allowing them to ensure a more efficient and aggregated monitoring and reporting of performance;
- ✓ Having a complete and exhaustive mapping of all results-bearing Actions and Contracts.

The present Action identifies as;

Action level (i.e. Budget support, Blending)		
☒	Single action	Present action: all contracts in the present action

APPENDIX FOR BUDGET SUPPORT: DISBURSEMENT ARRANGEMENTS, CONDITIONS AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

1. Responsibilities

In accordance with the provisions of the Financing Agreement, the authorities of the partner country send a formal request to the Commission for the disbursement of each tranche in accordance with the timetable below. The request must include: (i) a full analysis and justification for payment of the funds, with the required supporting documents; (ii) a financial information form, duly signed, to facilitate the payment.

2. Indicative disbursement timetable

Indicative disbursement timetable

Country fiscal year and quarterly breakdown	Year 1 (2025)				Year 2 (2026)				Year 3 (2027)				Total in MEUR
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Fixed tranche in MEUR													
Variable tranche in MEUR	30+50	50 (+37)											167
Total in MEUR	80	87											167

3. General conditions for the disbursement of all tranches

The general conditions set out in the table below apply to the disbursement of all tranches and all tranche release requests must be supported by all appropriate and up-to-date information and documents on the general conditions.

General conditions for the release of all tranches

Area	General conditions	Verification source
Public policy	Satisfactory progress in the implementation of the “National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)” and continued credibility and relevance of that or any successor strategy.	Biannual policy reporting by the Ministry of Energy.
Macroeconomic stability	Maintenance of a credible and relevant stability-oriented macroeconomic policy or	IMF, WB, EU Reports

	progress made towards restoring key balances.	
Public financial management	Satisfactory progress in the implementation of reforms to improve public financial management, including domestic revenue mobilisation, and continued relevance and credibility of the reform programme.	EU Delegation, PFM Annual Report
Budget transparency and oversight	Satisfactory progress with regard to the public availability of accessible, timely, comprehensive, and sound budgetary information	Open Budget Index, IMF, WB, EU Reports

4. Specific conditions for the disbursement of individual tranches

Not applicable.

5. Modalities for variable tranche calculation and disbursement

The performance indicators described hereafter apply to the calculation of the share of variable tranches to be disbursed. Tranche release requests must be supported by all appropriate information and documents on the performance indicators. Indicators are described in detail in section 6.

The amounts linked to indicators no. 2 to 11 will be disbursed as prefinancing, to be cleared against the implementation of priority reforms contributing to the energy resilience and independence of Moldova, as defined in Appendix 2.

Appendix 2, after adoption of the Reform Agenda under the Reform and Growth Facility for Moldova, will be aligned with the set of conditions in the Reform Agenda, Policy area 6 – Energy Sector.

The amount not covered by indicators (EUR 37 million) remains available under this Financing Agreement.

Summary table of the variable tranches performance indicators

Indicator	February 2025		March 2025		April 2025	
	Targets with their amount		Targets with their amount		Targets with their amount	
No.1 - Energy Emergency Support	A maximum volume of natural gas and electricity is purchased and transposed for EUR 30 million by Energocom and used in a volume equal (in terms of associated cost of purchase and transport) to EUR 10 million as electricity by the Right Bank.	30 000 000.00 €	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
No. 2 – Agreement on Action plan for Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova	N/A	N/A	Agreement achieved	12 000 000.00 €	N/A	N/A
No. 3 - National Energy and Climate Plan	N/A	N/A	Adopted by the Government	15 000 000.00 €	N/A	N/A
No. 4 – New EBRD instrument	N/A	N/A	Request submitted	11 000 000.00 €	N/A	N/A
No. 5 – Government Decision on a full phase out of any form of	N/A	N/A	Government Decision adopted	12 000 000.00 €	N/A	N/A

dependence on Russian supply of energy resources							
No.6 – Gas storage obligation of at least 15%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Draft rules presented to the Parliament	9 000 000.00 €
No. 7 – Certification of Vestmoldtransgaz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government opinion resubmitted	8 000 000.00 €
No. 8 – Selection procedure for a universal service supplier of gas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	The Government of Moldova invites ANRE to organise the procedure	8 000 000.00 €
No. 9 – Draft Electricity Law	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Government presents the draft law to the Parliament	9 000 000.00 €
No. 10 – Tender for electricity balancing capacities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ministry of Energy send request for tender to Moldelectrica	8 000 000.00 €
No. 11 – Action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Action plan submitted to Energy Secretariat	8 000 000.00 €

The conditions linked to the indicator no.1 are compatible with Article 29 of the NDICI-GE Regulation. While the EUR 30 million are used to purchase gas and electricity directly, the measure does not promote investments in fossil fuels but contributes to stabilising the political and economic situation in both the Republic of Moldova as partner country and the region in a way that could not be achieved through alternate means of support. The support mitigates adverse effects as it focuses on a maximum of gas usage instead of coal which would be the only available alternative.

6. Description of the performance indicator and targets used for the disbursement of the first variable tranche

The disbursement of the first variable tranche will be contingent on the achievement of the targets set for each of the following performance indicator, as per the following indicator fiche.

Indicator no. 1 – Energy Emergency Support

Full title	<i>Energy Emergency Support</i>
Baseline for year 0	0
Target for year 1	<i>February 2025</i> A maximum volume of natural gas and electricity is purchased and transported for EUR 30 million by Energocom from EU registered energy exchange platforms and/or from Ukraine. EUR 10 million worth of the provided electricity is used by the Right Bank.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	Energy security – “European Moldova 2030” National Development Strategy
Definition and calculation	In the course of February 2025 A full payment of EUR 30 Million is made if: 1. The Government of Moldova signs a letter of intent agreed with the European Commission. 2. The Government of Moldova ensures that Energocom purchases and transports in accordance to the laws of the Republic of Moldova, a maximum volume of natural gas for EUR 20 million to be delivered to the Left Bank. 3. The Government of Moldova ensures that Energocom purchases and transports in accordance to the laws of the Republic of Moldova, a maximum volume of electricity for EUR 10 million to be delivered to the Right Bank. 4. Energocom purchases all the required volume of natural gas and electricity from EU registered energy exchange platforms and/or Ukraine. 5. Energocom arranges and pays for the necessary transmission capacity for the entire route, from the seller to the entry points of the gas transmission system controlled by entities in the Left Bank.
	If any condition is not fulfilled no payment is made.
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Note from the Government of Moldova confirming the attainment of the conditions and confirmation of the transaction(s) by Energocom of purchases transportation and delivery.</i>

Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	N/A
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 2 – Agreement on action plan for Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova

Full title	Agreement on the Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova bringing together key actions and benchmarks reflecting progress to be achieved on the implementation of the reform roadmap and the investment plan.
Baseline for year 0	<i>No formalised agreement on the Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova</i>
Target for year 1	<i>16 March 2025</i> Agreement between the Government of Moldova and the European Commission on an Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova was reached.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	Agreement between the Government of Moldova and the European Commission on an Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova is not reached = 0 Agreement between the Government of Moldova and the European Commission on an Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova was reached = 1 The Action Plan brings together key actions and benchmarks reflecting progress to be achieved on the implementation of the reform roadmap and the investment plan. The main objective of the reform roadmap is advancing energy transition and integration in the Republic of Moldova.
Disaggregation	N/A

Data collection and publication	Agreement signed by MD and EU
Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	The agreement on the Action Plan for the Energy Resilience and Independence of Moldova could face delays due to procedures.
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 3 – National Energy and Climate Plan

Full title	Adoption of the National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP)
Baseline for year 0	There is no National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP) adopted by the government as per 3 rd Energy Package requirement
Target for year 1	The Government of Moldova adopted the National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP), by at the latest 16 March 2025.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not adopt the National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP) by at the latest 16 March 2025 = 0 The Government of Moldova adopts the National Energy and Climate Plan (NECP) , at the latest 16 March 2025 = 1 Adoption process through a Government Decision: 1) Ministry of Energy submits the draft of the Government decision to be discussed during the meeting of the general Secretaries of the ministries. 2) Ministry of Energy ensures a public consultation (consults all the ministries on the proposal). 3) Ministry of Energy presents the final draft of the Government decision in the Government meeting to be approved

	4) The Government decision is adopted during the Government meeting.
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Publication of the Adopted Act by the Government</i>
Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	The implementation of the NECP will require significant financial resources for investments in infrastructure, renewable energy projects, and energy efficiency improvements. Moldova's economy is still developing, and its energy sector is heavily dependent on fossil fuels, particularly natural gas. Transitioning to renewable energy could lead to higher energy costs or disrupt existing industries, especially those reliant on cheaper, fossil-fuel-based energy. The potential economic costs of such a transition may delay the adoption of the NECP, particularly if it could hinder the country's economy in the short term.
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 4 – New EBRD instrument

Full title	New EBRD financial instrument
Baseline for year 0	<i>The existing EBRD financial instrument comes to an end in 2025</i>
Target for year 1	A request is submitted to EBRD for provision of a new financial instrument for Moldova, by at the latest 16 March 2025.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not request a new financial instrument from the EBRD, by at the latest 16 March 2025 = 0. The Government of Moldova requests a new financial instrument from the EBRD, by at the latest 16 March 2025 = 1

	The new Growth and Reform facility may include guarantees to be provided by the EBRD to the suppliers of Energocom under long-term contracts for both electricity and gas. The Government would decide on the needed amount and it will be approved by the Interministerial Committee for Strategic Planning. After this, Ministry of Energy will send a formal request to EBRD.
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>EBRD confirms in writing that the request for the new financial instrument for guarantees under log-term contracts for both electricity and gas to the suppliers of Energocom was submitted by the Ministry of Energy</i>
Data quality	<i>Very good</i>
Risks or exogenous factors	The approval and negotiation processes for new financial instruments could be delayed due to long approval timelines or regulatory bottlenecks.
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 5 – Full phase out Decision

Full title	Adoption of a Government Decision stipulating a full phase out of any form of dependence on Russian supply of energy resources
Baseline for year 0	<i>No government decision is taken that stipulates a full phase out of any form of dependence on Russian supply of energy resources</i>
Target for year 1	Government Decision stipulating a full phase out of any form of dependence on Russian supply of energy resources is taken by 16 March 2025
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not adopt a Government Decision to stipulate a full phase out of any form of dependence on Russian supply of energy resources by 16 March 2025 =0;

	The Government of Moldova adopts a Government Decision to stipulate a full phase out of any form of dependence on Russian supply of energy by 16 March 2025 =1	
	Adoption procession through a Government Decision:	
	1) Ministry of Energy submits the draft of the Government decision to be discussed during the meeting of the general Secretaries of the ministries. 2) Ministry of Energy ensures a public consultation (consults all the ministries on the proposal). 3) Ministry of Energy presents the final draft of the Government decision in the Government meeting to be approved. 4) The Government decision is adopted during the Government meeting.	
Disaggregation	N/A	
Data collection and publication	<i>Government Decision published on the official website.</i>	
Data quality	N/A	
Risks or exogenous factors	Switching from Russian energy supplies to more expensive alternative sources, could face higher energy costs in the short term. These price hikes could have a serious economic impact on businesses and consumers, leading to public resistance to the shift. Moldova might also struggle to manage the financial burden of paying higher prices for alternative energy sources without substantial international financial support.	
Other assumption	N/A	

Indicator no. 6 – Draft rules on gas storage obligation

Full title	Presentation of draft rules to the Parliament to meet gas storage obligation of at least 15%	
Baseline for year 0	<i>No draft rules on gas storage obligation of at least 15% are in place</i>	
Target for year 1	Draft rules to meet gas storage obligation of at least 15% which shall be achieved through market-based instruments presented to Parliament by 30 April 2025. Rules requiring the removal of large industrial gas customers from the scope of the public service obligation with effect from 1 October 2025 adopted.	
Indicator features		
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>	
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>	
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>	

Relevance/reference to country's public policy and Definition and calculation	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)” The Government of Moldova does not present draft rules to the Parliament to meet gas storage obligation of at least 15% which shall be achieved through market-based instruments; and does not adopt rules requiring the removal of large industrial gas customers from the scope of the public service obligation with effect from 1 October 2025 = 0 The Government of Moldova presents draft rules to the Parliament to meet gas storage obligation of at least 15% which shall be achieved through market-based instruments; and adopts rules requiring the removal of large industrial gas customers from the scope of the public service obligation with effect from 1 October 2025 = 1. The draft rules are adopted at the government level through a governmental decision. The adoption process through a Government Decision is the following: 1) Ministry of Energy submits the draft of the Government decision to be discussed during the meeting of the general Secretaries of the ministries. 2) Ministry of Energy ensures a public consultation (consults all the ministries on the proposal). 3) Ministry of Energy presents the final draft of the Government decision in the Government meeting to be approved. 4) The Government decision is adopted during the Government meeting. Only after the completion of this procedure, the Government can send the draft rules to the Parliament for adoption.
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Submission by Ministry of Energy of draft rules to the Parliament</i>
Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	Delays could be incurred in drafting and debating new regulations. Moldova currently lacks its own gas storage infrastructure. The country has a small number of storage facilities in neighbouring countries, and they are not always sufficient to meet high storage requirements, such as a 15% obligation. Moldova would need to expand and modernize its gas storage infrastructure, which is a time-consuming and expensive process.

Other assumption	N/A
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Indicator no. 7 – Certification of Vestmoldtransgaz.	
Full title	Government's opinion on certification of Vestmoldtransgaz
Baseline for year 0	<i>There is no opinion from the Government of Moldova regarding the certification of Vestmoldtransgaz to ANRE.</i>
Target for year 1	The Government of Moldova resubmitted by 30 April 2025 its opinion as referred in Article 11 Gas Directive of 2009/73/EC, as adopted in the Energy Community, to ANRE for consideration in relation to the certification of Vestmoldtransgaz.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	Process
SDG marker	SDG 1, SDG 7
Purpose	230 – Energy
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not resubmit its opinion as referred in Article 11 Gas Directive of 2009/73/EC, as adopted in the Energy Community to ANRE for consideration in relation to the certification of Vestmoldtransgaz = 0
	The Government of Moldova resubmits its opinion as referred in Article 11 Gas Directive of 2009/73/EC, as adopted in the Energy Community to ANRE for consideration in relation to the certification of Vestmoldtransgaz = 1
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Opinion, as referred in Article 11 Gas Directive of 2009/73/EC, as adopted in the Energy Community, sent to ANRE by the Ministry of Energy</i>
Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	The certification of Vestmoldtransgaz requires the operator to meet certain EU energy regulatory standards, which include unbundling (separating the transmission of gas from production and supply activities) and transparency in its operations. If Vestmoldtransgaz is unable to meet these standards, it could prevent or delay certification.
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 8 – Selection procedure for a universal service supplier of gas

Full title	Invitation from the Government of Moldova to ANRE to organize a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure for the selection of a universal service supplier of gas by September 2025	
Baseline for year 0	<i>The Government of Moldova did not take steps with regards to the selection procedure for a universal service supplier of gas as per legal framework</i>	
Target for year 1	30 April 2025 ANRE invited by the Ministry of Energy to organise a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure for the selection of a universal service supplier of gas.	
Indicator features		
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>	
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>	
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>	
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”	
Definition and calculation	Ministry of Energy does not invite ANRE to organize a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure for the selection of a universal service supplier of gas = 0 Ministry of Energy invites ANRE to organize a transparent and non-discriminatory procedure for the selection of a universal service supplier of gas = 1.	
Disaggregation	N/A	
Data collection and publication	<i>Letter of Invitation sent to ANRE by the Ministry of Energy</i>	
Data quality	N/A	
Risks or exogenous factors	The Government or relevant stakeholders might not be in agreement about the need for or the framework of such a procedure. A lack of consensus could result in delays or the suspension of the invitation to launch the selection procedure. The certification process for energy suppliers can also face political challenges, particularly if key stakeholders are not aligned on Moldova's energy diversification goals or EU integration efforts.	
Other assumption	N/A	

Indicator no. 9 – Draft Electricity Law

Full title	A draft Electricity Law fully transposing the Electricity Integration package and draft VAT legislation on reverse taxation for electricity and gas is presented to the Parliament
Baseline for year 0	<i>Electricity law has not been transposed fully to include the criteria on VAT</i>
Target for year 1	30 April 2025 The draft Electricity Law submitted to the Parliament
Indicator features	
Indicator type	Process
SDG marker	SDG 1, SDG 7
Purpose	230 – Energy
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not present to the parliament a draft Electricity Law fully transposing the Electricity Integration package and draft VAT legislation on reverse taxation for electricity and gas = 0 The Government of Moldova presents to the parliament a draft Electricity Law fully transposing the Electricity Integration package and draft VAT legislation on reverse taxation for electricity and gas = 1 The draft law is adopted at the government level through a governmental decision. The adoption process through a Government Decision is the following: 1) Ministry of Energy submits the draft of the Government decision to be discussed during the meeting of the general Secretaries of the ministries. 2) Ministry of Energy ensures a public consultation (consults all the ministries on the proposal). 3) Ministry of Energy presents the final draft of the Government decision in the Government meeting to be approved. 4) The Government decision is adopted during the Government meeting. Only after the completion of this procedure, the Government can send the draft rules to the Parliament for adoption.
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Draft Law presented to the Parliament. following a letter sent by the Government</i>

Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	<i>Submission of the law could be delayed by possible changes in policy priorities</i>
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 10 – Electricity balancing capacities

Full title	Requirement that Moldelectrica launches an open and transparent tender for electricity balancing capacities compliant with Energy Community law.
Baseline for year 0	<i>There are no electricity capacity compliant with Energy Community Law</i>
Target for year 1	30 April 2025 Ministry of Energy will send the request to Moldelectrica to launch an open and transparent tender for electricity balancing capacities by September 2025 compliant with Energy Community law.
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	Ministry of Energy does not send a request to Moldelectrica to launch an open and transparent tender for electricity balancing capacities compliant with Energy Community law by 30 April 2025 = 0
	Ministry of Energy requires that Moldelectrica launches an open and transparent tender for electricity balancing capacities compliant with Energy Community law by 30 April 2025 = 1
Disaggregation	N/A
Data collection and publication	<i>Government request sent to Moldoelectrica</i>
Data quality	N/A
Risks or exogenous factors	The Ministry of Energy might face staff shortages, budgetary constraints, or a lack of expertise to oversee the tender process. If there are competing priorities within the Ministry or if there are delays in the development of the tender criteria, this could prevent the request from being sent to Moldelectrica on time.
Other assumption	N/A

Indicator no. 11 – Action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions

Full title	Approval of an action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions in 2025, specifying the allocated capacities for each auction, with a view to fast-track renewables energy deployment by the end of 2026.
Baseline for year 0	<i>No action plan for organising new renewables and energy storage auctions is in place</i>
Target for year 1	An action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions in 2025 approved by the government <i>by 30 April 2025</i> .
Indicator features	
Indicator type	<i>Process</i>
SDG marker	<i>SDG 1, SDG 7</i>
Purpose	<i>230 – Energy</i>
Relevance/reference to country's public policy	“National Energy Strategy (NES 2030)”
Definition and calculation	The Government of Moldova does not approve an action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions by 30 April 2025, specifying the allocated capacities for each auction, with a view to fast-track renewables energy deployment by the end of 2026 = 0
	The Government of Moldova approves an action plan for organising new renewable and energy storage auctions by 30 April 2025, specifying the allocated capacities for each auction, with a view to fast-track renewables energy deployment by the end of 2026 = 1
Disaggregation	<i>N/A</i>
Data collection and publication	<i>Action Plan submitted by Ministry of Energy to Energy Community Secretariat</i>
Data quality	<i>N/A</i>
Risks or exogenous factors	The Ministry of Energy might face staff shortages, budgetary constraints, or a lack of expertise to oversee the tender process. If there are competing priorities within the Ministry or if there are delays in the development of the tender criteria, this could prevent the Action Plan form being adopted by the Government.
Other assumption	<i>N/A</i>

APPENDIX II: REFORM AGENDA – POLICY AREA 6 ENERGY (FINAL DRAFT, SUBJECT TO INTERSERVICE CONSULTATION)

This document is subject to a separate adoption procedure and will be updated once adopted by both the Republic of Moldova and the European Commission.

Envisaged reforms will contribute towards energy resilience and independence of Moldova, facilitate the development of the competitive energy market and the integration with the EU.

Reforms are classified under following themes:

1. **Open and competitive electricity market:** driving market development to benefit consumers and businesses.
2. **Open and competitive gas market:** enhancing transparency, and competition in the gas sector.
3. **Guaranteeing energy security:** introduce measures strengthening energy security of Moldova.
4. **Advancing energy efficiency:** promoting smarter energy use to reduce costs and environmental impact.
5. **Thriving market for renewable energy:** creating conditions for sustainable growth and more investments in renewables.

Implementation deadlines refer to the end of June and December.

Policy area 6: Energy

Subarea	Reform	Title of the reform	Step	Implementation Deadline	Institutions	Payment condition and implementation deadline Baseline	Description and clear definition of what each step entails Source of verification
Energy	1	Open and competitive electricity market	1	December 2025	ANRE Moldelectrica	National terms and conditions for the balancing are established in line with the provisions of EBGL and other Energy Community acquis. Baseline: no terms and conditions for the balancing market.	The establishment of the national terms and conditions for balancing in line with EnC acquis notably, the Electricity Integration Package, which includes the Regulation (EU) 2019/943 on the internal market for electricity and Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/2195 establishing a guideline on electricity balancing The law should be adopted by the Parliament, then on the basis of the law, EBGL should be adopted by ANRE and on that legal ground Moldelectrica should adopt terms and conditions for balancing as they are a requirement under Article 18 of EBGL. This will ensure a fair, non-discriminatory and transparent conditions for balancing service providers and balance responsible parties, thus a level playing field for all participants in the balancing. It will contribute to development of new investments into balancing services and development of competition in the balancing market which is currently lacking. It will also allow for harmonisation with EU rules as one of preconditions for joining EU Balancing

							platforms	Source of verification: EBGL approved by ANRE; terms and conditions for balancing approved by ANRE
Energy	1	Open and competitive electricity market	2	December 2025	Moldelectric a ANRE	The public procurement tenders are launched for balancing services for new capacities by Moldelectrica. Baseline: no tender launched.	Tender dossier includes tendering procedures and instructions, technical requirements and the contract agreement. Procurement tenders are necessary to unblock investments in balancing capacities. Tenders should be launched by September 2025, what will be verified in December 2025. Source of verification: Tender framework published on Moldelectrica's website.	
Energy	1	Open and competitive electricity market	3	December 2025	MEn ANRE Moldelectric a	The balancing market is in place. Baseline: no balancing services market.	The balancing market to be in place requires: • Establishment of a regulatory and contractual framework for market-based procurement of balancing services including both capacity and energy. • ANRE approves the launching of balancing market by the decision according to the existing law. If this is not the case, ANRE should approve the rules submitted by Moldelectrica. • Moldelectrica is responsible for establishing and operating balancing market including procurement and operationalisation of the IT platform (linked to the Investment Plan: procurement of the MMS system).	

						Balancing market is operational when regulatory and contractual framework adopted and published and supporting balancing market platform is in place so that interested market participants can conclude balancing service provider contract and place their offers to Moldelectrica for balancing capacity/energy. The opening of the balancing market (capacity and balancing energy) will enable Moldelectrica to improve system balancing by procuring and using balancing services from the existing facilities that have passed the prequalification procedure (including cross-border providers (e.g RO, UA). Source of verification: Decision of ANRE is published in the Registry of ANRE's Board Decisions. Balancing market is operational with prequalification procedure, balancing market rules and BSP contract approved by ANRE and published on the website of Moldelectrica. Transmission network tariff including costs of procurement of balancing services ex-ante approved by ANRE.
Energy	1	Open and competitive electricity market	4	June 2025	ANRE OPEM	Nominated Market designated. Electricity Operator Baseline: currently no NEMO is designated. NEMO is designated to perform tasks related to single day-ahead and single intraday coupling in line with Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/1222 establishing a guideline on capacity allocation and congestion management (CACM). Source of verification: Decision on NEMO designation adopted by board of ANRE is published in the Registry of ANRE's Board Decisions.

1	Open and competitive electricity market	5	December 2025	MEn, MF, ANRE, OPEM Moldelectric a	Day ahead and intraday markets are introduced. Baseline: no functioning day ahead and intraday market in place.	To finalize introduction of day ahead and intraday market it is necessary to establish: - settlement rules, - financial guarantees - framework contract. The launching of market in practical terms require assumes that power exchange will announce the first go-live date in advance and will start registering market participants. As of that the day for which they announced the first auctions they will initiate the platform and all registered market participants will get a possibility to place their offers for the next day. After the auctions will be closed, power exchange will publish the results of the trading. The existing law is conditioning the launching of the day-ahead and intraday market by the decision by ANRE. DAM and IDM will provide transparent price signal, allow market participants to trade and balance their positions close to real time and reduce trading risk which should result in lower electricity prices. Operational DAM and IDM are also prerequisite to market coupling. Source of verification: Decision of ANRE / DAM and IDM operational and market data published on the OPEM website.	To submit the application the following requirements, need to be fulfilled: 1.Full transposition and implementation of the coupling requirements included in the Directive (EU) 2019/944, EU Regulation (EU) 2019/943,
1	Open and competitive electricity market	6	June 2027	ANRE, OPEM,	Fulfilment of the requirements for market coupling and submitting the application for acceptance to the Market Coupling Steering Committee (MCSC).	To submit the application the following requirements, need to be fulfilled: 1.Full transposition and implementation of the coupling requirements included in the Directive (EU) 2019/944, EU Regulation (EU) 2019/943,	

[illegible]

		electricity market Open and competitive gas market		December 2025	Ministry of Finance	Moldova VAT Law approximated to the EU wholesale market is adopted by Parliament. Baseline: Existing draft law non-harmonised with EU VAT law.	The approximation of Moldovan VAT legislations with those of the EU is necessary to eliminate, to the maximum extent possible, factors which may distort conditions of competition in the market, and which may lead to legal uncertainty. In particular, integration into SDAC, SIDC and EU Balancing platforms requires a high level of harmonization of applicable regimes of VAT in order to prevent non taxation, double taxation, tax evasion and tax fraud. This harmonized VAT reverse taxation regime is also envisaged by the EU-Moldova Association Agreement as one of the preconditions to create a level playing field between all market participants in the Moldovan electricity and gas market.
	2	Open and competitive gas market	8	December 2025	MEn ANRE	Large industrial gas consumers procure gas on open gas market. Baseline: existing legal framework: Gas law 2016/108.	Source of verification: draft law approved by the Parliament. Moldova government phases out the existing PSO for large industrial consumers. Moldova Gas market opened as of 1 October 2025 to all large industrial gas customers. Source of verification: the amendment of the law are adopted by the Parliament.
	2	Open and competitive gas market	9	December 2025	MEn ANRE	The supplier of the last resort/universal gas supplier is appointed by ANRE, based on the transparent and non-discriminative procedure . Baseline: existing legal framework.	ANRE organises a tender, in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner, with price of the activity as the main input for a supplier of last resort/universal gas supplier and selects the winner. Source of verification: Decision of ANRE is published.

Energy	3	Guarantee in energy security	10	December 2027	ME n ANRE	Gas storage obligation of 15% of the total consumption of Republic of Moldova is secured on annual basis. Baseline: Existing legislation.	The Government of Moldova will: amend the law to include provision to ensure that the gas storage will be maintained, by using market-based instruments defined by government of Moldova in consultation with the EU and the Energy Community Secretariat. It will secure gas storage for 15 % of total consumption at the beginning of the heating season for years: 2025, 2026 and 2027 Source of verification: ANRE monitoring data.
	3	Guarantee in security of supply	11	December 2025	ME n ANRE	ANRE takes a decision concerning re-submitted opinion of the Ministry and considers re-opening of the certification on Vestmoldtransgaz in regards the transmission system ownership. Baseline: existing opinion.	ANRE takes a decision by Quarter 3 2025, on transferring the ownership of the network from Moldovagaz, to an entity not related to supply, trade, or distribution of gas. Source of verification: Opinion of the Ministry of Energy on the security of supply situation; ANRE's certification decision published on the website.

3	Guaranteeing security of supply	12	December 2025	GoM Moldovalelectrica	Moldova finalises the construction of 400 kV line Vulcanesti – Chisinau to secure its power system. Baseline: no power line.	New internal line 400 kV from Vulcanesti to Chisinau allows direct transmission of electricity imported from Romania to reach Moldovan capital and secure the system in a case of possible outages of 400 kV line Vulcanesti – MGRES (partially crossing the border with Ukraine) or 330 kV line MGRES – Chisinau. Source of verification: power line is functional and compliant with all necessary regulations.
3	Guaranteeing security of supply	13	June 2026	Termoelectrica MEN	Moldova will ensure commissioning of additional dispatchable capacity. Baseline: no generation capacity built.	Moldova will advance towards operationalisation of the generation capacity of 125 MWs, through the European Union Civil Protection Mechanism, which will contribute to increasing domestic power generation capacity. It requires: - Draft law declaring public utility approved by the Government; - Establishment of the Working Group and approval of the Action Plan for the operationalisation of the gas turbine; - Feasibility Study and Project approved. Given the importance of the project, it will be declared a public utility of national interest. Source of verification: Draft law declaring public utility approved by the Government, working group established and action plan developed. Feasibility studies and project approved.

3	Guaranteeing security of supply	14	December 2027 + 1 year?	MEn Moldelectric a	Moldova starts a construction of 400 kV line Balti – Suceava to increase cross-border capacities to Romania. Baseline: no direct interconnection line. Source of verification: Reports by the Ministry of Energy or Moldovan Energy Projects Implementation Unit /MEPIU/.	At least 50 % of the construction work for the interconnection 400 kV line Balti – Suceava on the Moldovan side has been finalised. New interconnection with the EU market (Romania) will increase possible exchanges between Romania and Moldova, and contribute to the security of electricity supply by decreasing reliance on power plant in Transnistrian Region.
Energy	4	Advancing energy efficiency	15	MEn National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED)	Scaling up of Residential Energy Efficiency Fund to provide incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses renovation, including vulnerable households. Baseline: no such instruments are operational. The fund will: - undertake the obligatory assessment, for additional subsidies; - provide incentive for energy efficient refurbishment; - contribute to shift from gas heating systems to renewable systems; - support roll out of energy efficient stoves; - contribute to renovate and cost-effective transformation for specific number of nearly zero-energy building level. Source of verification: Yearly public reports of the CNED.	

[illegible]

	4	Advancing energy efficiency	17	December 2027	MEn National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED) MEPIU	Roll out of energy efficiency measures. Baseline: no renovations under REEF and MEPIU conducted so far.	Roll out of energy efficiency measure requires: - Develop at least 30 additional technical designs for energy efficiency interventions in multi-storey residential buildings. - Sign financing contracts with at least 30 additional homeowners' associations for multi-storey building renovations, compared 2026 baseline. - REEF to support the renovation of at least 30 additional multi-apartment residential buildings. - Renovation work on 10 public buildings either in progress or completed, with 50% financial support from the EU. - REEF to support the renovation of at least 250 additional individual houses, either in progress or completed, with 50% financial support from the EU. Source of verification: Yearly public reports of CNED and MEPIU.
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	4	Advancing energy efficiency	18	December 2027	ME n Ministry of Infrastructure and Regional Development (MIDR) National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED)	The energy performance of building legal framework (related to energy performance certificates issuing) is in place. The tool for energy performance of buildings certificates is developed and fully functional. Baseline: no such system in place and no certificated are issued as of 2024.	The development of a legal framework necessitates: - Government elaborates and adopt the secondary legal framework for energy performance certificates. - System for delivering energy performance certificates for buildings is developed by CNED. Source of verification: The tool/system for issuing of energy performance of buildings certificated is in place. Public report by CNED on issued Energy Performance Certificates.
Energy	4	Advancing Energy Efficiency	19	December 2025	ME n National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED)	Eco-voucher program scaled up. Baseline: savings realized of 0.9 GWh with the distribution of Eco-Vouchers as of 31/12/2024.	Savings realized with distribution of EcoVouchers as of 31/12/2024 compared to savings realized with the distribution of ecoVouchers between 1/01/2025 and 31/12/2025. Target for savings in 2025 is 6 GWh Source of verification: CNED reports on provided eco-vouchers

5	Thriving market for renewable energy	20	December 2025	MEn ANRE National Centre for Sustainable Energy	The Action Plan for the deployment of renewable energy, and energy storage continue to be implemented. Baseline: 580 MW of renewable capacities at the end of 2024	The Action Plan is implemented by the government and will be monitored to make sure that it includes: - revising the auction design to include storage; - reflecting on the outcomes of the first auction; - preparing a framework including tender documentation; - launching auctions of new renewable and energy storage in 2025, specifying the allocated capacities for each technology, with a view to fast-track renewables energy deployment; Source of verification: Publish the announcement of the auction, including tender documentation, on the official website of the Ministry of Energy.
5	Thriving market for renewable energy	21	December 2026	Ministry of Energy Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalization Ministry of Finance	Development of the Energy Storage support mechanism for residential sector and business. Baseline: no support for consumers purchasing battery storage systems	The mechanism targeting financing of battery storage systems for residential sector and business is launched. This might be achieved by extending scope of existing financing programs for renewable energy and energy efficiency. Supporting self-consumption schemes will boost Moldova's energy independence and resilience. By supporting individuals and businesses to generate and consume their own renewable energy or store it, will reduce dependence on centralised energy sources and imports, as well will reduce the pressure on the grid by smoothing consumption curves and enhancing energy availability during peak demand

								In order to incentivize the roll out of renewable energy at consumers level necessary is a financial support for purchases of battery storage systems.
								Source of verification: Adoption of the financial product
5	Thriving market for renewable energy	22	December 2027	MEEn			The secondary legislation concerning sustainability criteria for biomass, biofuels, and greenhouse gas emission reduction criteria is fully transposed, ensuring that the fuels consumed nationally are blended with certified biofuels, either locally produced or imported is adopted. Baseline: No related legislation in force. The Government does not report any use of biofuels by the country's transport sector.	The Republic of Moldova needs to accelerate the implementation of policies promoting the consumption of renewable energy in the transportation sector, with an emphasis, to the extent possible, on the local biofuel production industry. Although fuel imports, particularly from the EU, already contain biofuels in their mix, these cannot yet be accounted for the sectoral target or reported due to the relevant regulations not having entered into force. Source of verification: The secondary legislation on sustainable criteria for biofuels and criteria for GHG reduction emission entered into force. By December 2027 ANRE and CNED will provide the reports on the use of biofuels, as blended with fossil fuels in 2026.
5	Thriving market for renewable energy	23	December 2025	ANRE MEEn			Electronic registry for issuance, transfer and cancellation of guarantees of origin for electricity is established Baseline: no registry in place.	Moldova joined the Energy Community initiative to establish a regional system for guarantees of origin (GO). The national electronic registry for GO in Moldova was created and can be utilised as soon as energy regulator, the designated issuing body, signs an agreement with the service provider.

						Source of verification: agreement with the service provider is signed and electronic registry is operational.
5	Thriving market for renewable energy	24	December 2027	Ministry of Energy Ministry of Environment Ministry of Infrastructure and Regional Development (MIDR) Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalisation ANRE National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED)	Streamlined permitting procedures for renewable energy are established within single point of information platform. Baseline: No single point for information and guidance for the investors in renewable energy.	Moldova's implementation of streamlined permitting procedures will fast-track the deployment of renewable energy projects, addressing bureaucratic delays and providing legal clarity for investors. The objective is to simplify procedures and to provide clarity on timelines for the deliverables of permits. Establishment of an one stop shop platform, further facilitates the information process and helps investors with obtaining permits. Source of verification: The single point for information and guidance for the investors is operational. An online platform is established and accessible o investors providing guidelines. Note: In order to facilitate the development of the renewable energy field, Article 150 of the Urban Planning and Building Code stipulates that the installation of power plants using renewable energy sources - in the case of individual houses, within the limits of the privately owned land on which the power plant is installed - and the installation of photovoltaic panels on the roof of residential blocks, intended for the supply of electricity to common areas, installed according to the project documentation prepared only for the electrical and resistance compartments, may be carried out without a planning certificate and building permit;

5

Thriving
market for
renewable
energy

24

December 2027

Ministry of Energy	Ministry of Environment	Ministry of Infrastructure and Regional Development (MIDR)	Ministry of Economic Development and Digitalisation	ANRE	National Centre for Sustainable Energy (CNED)
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Streamlined permitting procedures for granting procedures for renewable energy are established within single point of information platform.

Baseline: No single point of information and guidance for the investors in renewable energy.

The objective is to simplify procedures and to provide clarity on timelines for the deliverables of permits. Establishment of an one stop shop platform, further facilitates the information process and helps investors with obtaining permits.

Source of verification:
The single point for information and guidance for the investors is operational.
An online platform is established and accessible to investors providing guidelines.

Note: In order to facilitate the development of the renewable energy field, Article 150 of the Urban Planning and Building Code stipulates that the installation of power plants using renewable energy sources - in the case of individual houses, within the limits of the privately owned land on which the power plant is installed - and the installation of photovoltaic panels on the roof of residential blocks, intended for the supply of electricity to common areas, installed according to the project documentation prepared only for the electrical and resistance compartments, may be carried out without a planning certificate and building permit;

									Also in art. 74 of the Condominium Law no. 187/2022 it is stipulated that the owner has the right to install on the roof of the building, on any other suitable common area and in his unit, with the consent of the general assembly, systems for the production of energy from renewable sources for his own consumption.
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Ministerul Energiei
al Republicii Moldova

Nr. 09-805 din 20 martie 2025

La demersul nr.18-69-2825 din 13 martie 2025

La demersul nr. 26-78-2915 din 17 martie 2025

Cancelaria de Stat

e-mail: cancelaria@gov.md

Cu referire la avizarea proiectului de hotărâre cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie (**număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025**), în limita competențelor funcționale, comunicăm următoarele.

La versiunea în limba engleză, la Anexa II: Ordinea de reformă – domeniul de politică 6 energie (proiect final, în cadrul consultării în materie de interservice, comunicăm următoarele.

La tabelul „Policy area 7: Energy”, la pct. 15, textul *„Scaling up of Residential Energy Efficiency Fund to provide, incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses renovation, including vulnerable households.”* se va înlocui cu textul *„Residential Energy Efficiency Fund (REEF) operational, providing incentives for multi-apartment residential buildings and individual houses, including vulnerable households to increase energy efficient”*.

La același tabel la pct. 24. textul *„Establishment of an one stop shop platform”* se va înlocui cu textul *„Establishment of a one stop shop platform”*. De asemenea textul *„Note: In order to facilitate the development of the renewable energy field, Article 150 of the Urban Planning and Building Code stipulates that the installation of power plants using renewable energy sources - in the case of individual houses, within the limits of the privately owned land on which the power plant is installed – and the installation of photovoltaic panels on the roof of residential blocks, intended for the supply of electricity to common areas, installed according to the project documentation prepared only for the electrical and resistance compartments, may be carried out without a planning certificate and building permit; Also in art. 74 of the Condominium Law no. 187/2022 it is stipulated that the owner has the right to install on the roof of the building, on any other suitable common area and in his unit, with the consent of the general assembly, systems for the production of energy from renewable sources for his own consumption”* urmează a fi exclus. Observație valabilă și pentru versiunea în limba română.

La versiunea în limba română, la Anexa II: Ordinea de reformă – domeniul de politică 6 energie (proiect final, în cadrul consultării în materie de interservice, comunicăm următoarele.

La Tabelul Domeniul de politică 6: Energie, la **Treapta nr. 8**, coloana Descrierea și definirea clară a ceea ce implică fiecare etapă, textul „1 octombrie 2025” se va înlocui cu textul „1 ianuarie 2026”.

La **Treapta nr. 11**, textul „comerțul sau distribuția gazelor” se va înlocui cu textul „furnizarea sau distribuția gazelor naturale, sau retragerea licenței SA „Moldovagaz” în caz de neîndeplinire corespunzătoare a principiilor de separare (unbundling) în conformitate cu prevederile Pachetului energetic III.”.

La rubrica „Descrierea și definirea clară a ceea ce implică fiecare etapă” pentru reforma „5. „O piață prosperă pentru energia din surse regenerabile” **Treapta nr. 20** textul urmează a fi înlocuit cu: „Planul de acțiune este pus în aplicare de Guvern și va fi monitorizat pentru a se asigura că include:

- revizuirea modelului de licitație pentru a include stocarea;
- reflectarea asupra rezultatelor primei licitații;
- pregătirea cadrului normativ și documentația de licitație;
- lansarea în 2025 a licitațiilor pentru oferirea statutului de producător eligibil mare, specificând capacitățile alocate pentru fiecare tehnologie, în vederea implementării rapide a noilor centrale electrice energiei din surse regenerabile;

Sursa verificării: Publicarea Anunțului privind inițierea procedurii de licitație, inclusiv documentația de licitație pe pagina web oficială a Ministerului Energiei”

La rubrica „Descrierea și definirea clară a ceea ce implică fiecare etapă” pentru reforma „5. „O piață prosperă pentru energia din surse regenerabile” **Treapta nr. 21**, pe tot parcursul textului, sintagma „stocare a bateriilor” se va substitui cu sintagma „stocare în baterii”.

La rubrica „Condiția de plată și termenul de punere în aplicare Scenariul de referință pentru reforma „5. „O piață prosperă pentru energia din surse regenerabile” **Treapta nr. 23** se va completa cu „din surse regenerabile”.

La rubrica „Termenul de punere în aplicare” **Treapta nr. 13**, termenul „iunie 2026” se va înlocui cu termenul „decembrie 2027”. Valabil și pentru versiunea în limba engleză.

La Anexa pentru sprijin bugetar: dispoziții, condiții și indicatori de performanță, comunicăm următoarele.

La Indicatorul nr. 1 – Sprijinul pentru situații de urgență energetică pentru versiunea în limba engleză, textul „EUR 10 million worth of the provided electricity is used by the Right Bank” se va înlocui cu textul „A maximum volume of natural gas in the amount of EUR 20 million was purchased and transported and delivered to the Left Bank and a maximum volume of electricity for EUR 10 million to be delivered to the Right Bank.”

La același indicator, la rândul „Definiție și calcul”, la pct 2, textul „către Malul Stâng” se va înlocui cu textul „către regiunea transnistreană”. Suplimentar la pct. 5, textul „Energocom aranjează și plătește pentru capacitatea de transport necesară întregii rute, de la vânzător până la punctele de intrare ale sistemului de transport gaze controlat de entitățile Malul Stang” se va înlocui cu textul „SA „Energocom” aranjează și plătește pentru capacitatea de transport necesară întregii rute, de la vânzător până la punctele de intrare ale sistemului de transport a gazelor naturale controlat de entitățile Malului Stâng.”

La indicatorul nr. 3, denumirea „Planul național privind energia și clima” se va înlocui cu textul „Planul național integrat privind energia și clima”, eventual abrevierea „PNEC” se va substitui cu abrevierea „PNIEC”, în conformitate Hotărârea Guvernului nr. 86 din 26 februarie 2025, cu privire la aprobarea Planului național integrat privind energia și clima pentru perioada 2025-2030.

La același indicator, rândul „Definiție și calcul”, pct. 1, textul „*Ministerul Energiei prezintă Planul în cadrul reuniunii secretarilor generali ai tuturor ministerelor*” se va înlocui cu textul „*Ministerul Energiei prezintă Planul național integrat privind energia și clima (PNIEC) în cadrul reuniunii secretarilor generali ai tuturor ministerelor*”. Suplimentar la pct. 4 textul „*Hotărârea de guvern este adoptată în cadrul Ședinței de Guvern și publicată ulterior.*” Se va înlocui cu textul „*Hotărârea de Guvern este adoptată în cadrul Ședinței de Guvern și publicată ulterior în Monitorul Oficial al Republicii Moldova.*”

La indicatorul nr. 6, la rândul Obiectiv pentru anul 1, textul „*Au fost adoptate norme care impun eliminarea marilor consumatori industriali de gaze din domeniul de aplicare al obligației de serviciu public începând cu 1 octombrie 2025*” va fi înlocuit cu textul „*Au fost propuse spre adoptare norme care impun eliminarea marilor consumatori industriali de gaze naturale din domeniul de aplicare al obligației de serviciu public începând cu 1 ianuarie 2026 în conformitate cu Avizul Secretariatului Comunității Energetice.*”

La indicatorul nr. 10, la rândul Riscuri sau factori exogeni, textul „*acest lucru ar putea împiedica transmiterea la timpa solicitării către Moldelectrica*” va fi înlocuit cu textul „*acest lucru ar putea împiedica transmiterea în termen a solicitării către ÎS „Moldelectrica”*”.

La Anexa I: Dispoziții tehnice și administrative, comunicăm următoarele.

La pct. 2.5. Matricea Cadrului Logic Indicativ, Rezultatele preconizate ale politicii (obiective specifice), indicatorul 2.1 Rata de finalizare a interconexiunilor cheie (Vulcănești – Chișinău), urmează a fi ajustat textul din coloana **Obiectivul până la sfârșitul contractului de sprijin bugetar**, întrucât textul „*2.1 2027:100%*” va avea următorul cuprins „*2.1 2025: 100%*”.

În conformitate cu actele de planificare precum Planul național de acțiuni pentru aderarea Republicii Moldova la Uniunea Europeană pe anii 2024-2027 termenul de implementare a lucrărilor și darea în exploatarea a LEA 400 kV Vulcănești-Chișinău este stabilit pentru decembrie 2025.

Totodată, la indicatorul similar în coloana **Surse de date** textul „*2.1 Ministerul Energiei & Ministerul Infrastructurii si Dezvoltării Regionale Rapoarte*” se va înlocui cu textul „*2.1 Rapoartele Ministerului Energiei, UCIPE*”.

În conformitate cu Hotărârea Guvernului nr. 117/2023 privind restructurarea unor organe centrale de specialitate ale administrației publice și modificarea unor hotărâri ale Guvernului, Ministerul Infrastructurii și Dezvoltării Regionale (MIDR) a fost reorganizat prin separare, iar Ministerul Energiei a fost creat ca succesor de drepturi și obligații în domeniul energetic. Prin urmare, MIDR nu este implementatorul proiectului de infrastructură menționat și nu va putea raporta asupra acestuia.

La pct. 2.5. Matricea Cadrului Logic Indicativ, Realizări directe, indicatorul 2.2.1 creșterea capacității de producție a energiei electrice, în coloana **Obiectivul până la sfârșitul contractului de sprijin bugetar** lipsește termenul de implementare a acestuia.

Suplimentar la Matricea Cadrului Logic Indicativ propunem următoare aspecte redacționale:

- la coloana „Indicatori (maximum 15 ani)” la Impactul indicativ al politicii, textul „*surse neruse*” se va înlocui cu textul „*care nu provin din Rusia*”. Suplimentar la aceeași colană la rândul „Realizări directe”, textul „*3.1.1 2 Numărul de inițiative din sectorul public sprijinite pentru economii de energie și compensații*” se va înlocui cu textul „*3.1.1 2 Numărul de inițiative din sectorul public sprijinite pentru economii de energie și compensații*”;

- la coloana „Lanțul de rezultate”, la pct. 3, textul „*impactului creșterea costurilor*” se va înlocui cu textul „*impactului creșterii costurilor*”;

- la coloana „Surse de date”, la rândul „Realizări induse” pentru pct. 3.1.2 va fi responsabil Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă. Totodată la pct. 4.1.1. considerăm relevant de exclus Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă. La aceeași coloană, la rândul „Realizări directe”, textul „3.1.1.1 Ministerul Muncii și Protecției Sociale, 3.1.1.2 Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED) Ministerul Energiei), 4.1.1 Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED) Ministerul Energiei” va fi înlocuit cu textul „3.1.1.1 Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED), 3.1.1.2 Ministerul Economiei și Digitalizării; Ministerul Muncii și Protecției Sociale, Ministerul Energiei, Ministerul Infrastructurii și Dezvoltării Regionale. Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED), 4.1.1 Ministerul Energiei Centrul Național pentru Energie Durabilă (CNED)”.

La pct. 3.3.1. Justificarea sumelor alocate sprijinului bugetar din Anexa I: Dispoziții tehnice și administrative, textul „celor mai urgente nevoi de urgență” se va înlocui cu textul „celor mai urgente necesități”.

La pct. 3.4. Buget orientativ, la tabel în coloana „Componente bugetare orientative”, textul „Granturi – pachetul financiar total în cadrul secțiunii” se va înlocui cu textul „Granturi – pachetul financiar total în cadrul secțiunii 3.2.1”.

Subsecvent celor menționate în cadrul documentelor propuse spre avizare propunem ca denumirea Societății pe Acțiuni „Energocom”, denumirea Societății cu răspundere limitată „Vestmoldtransgaz” și denumirea Întreprinderii de Stat „Moldelectrica” se vor completa cu „SA „Energocom””, „SRL „Vestmoldtransgaz”” și „ÎS „Moldelectrica””. De asemenea cuvintele „gaze”, „gazele”, „gazelor” va fi completat cu „gaze naturale”, „gazele naturale”, „gazelor naturale”. Observație valabilă și pentru versiunea în limba engleză.

De asemenea menționăm că, pe tot parcursul documentelor / anexelor, denumirea acțiunilor trebuie să fie exact în conformitate cu Scrisoarea de intenție dintre Republica Moldova și Comisia Europeană, semnată la 4 februarie 2025.

**Secretar general
al ministerului**

/semnat electronic/

Digitally signed by Grițco Andrei
Date: 2025.03.20 13:24:54 EET
Reason: MoldSign Signature
Location: Moldova

MOLDOVA EUROPEANĂ



Andrei GRÎȚCO

Ex: Iulia Mândru, Serviciu Relații internaționale și asistență externă
e-mail: julia.mandru@energie.gov.md



Ministerul Dezvoltării
Economice și Digitalizării
al Republicii Moldova

nr. 15-825 din 14.03.2025

Cancelaria de Stat

cancelaria@gov.md
domnita.hanganu@gov.md

Urmare examinării demersului nr. 18-69-2825 din 13.03.2025, referitor la avizarea setului de materiale aferente proiectului de hotărâre a Guvernului ***”Cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025 (număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025), în limita competențelor funcționale, comunicăm lipsa de obiecții și propuneri pe marginea acestuia.***

Secretar de Stat

Digitally signed by Ceban Cristina
Date: 2025.03.14 17:37:11 EET
Reason: MoldSign Signature
Location: Moldova

MOLDOVA EUROPEANĂ



Cristina CEBAN

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MD-2004, Chisinau, 162 Stefan cel Mare si Sfânt Bd. Tel. 022- 20- 45-12;
cancelaria@maia.gov.md

25.03.2025 Nr. 07-05 / 857

Cancelaria de Stat

În contextul solicitării nr. 18-69-2825 din 13 martie 2025 parvenite de la Cancelaria de Stat privind avizarea proiectului de hotărâre cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie (număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025), MAIA, în limita competențelor, comunică lipsa propunerilor sau obiecțiilor la proiectul menționat.

Secretar General

Sergiu GHERCIU



**MINISTERUL JUSTIȚIEI
AL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA**

MD - 2012, mun. Chișinău,
str. 31 August 1989, nr. 82
tel.: +373 22 20 14 24
web: www.justice.gov.md,
e-mail: secretariat@justice.gov.md

Nr 08/2843 din 20 martie 2025

Ref. nr. 169/CS/MAE/2025

Cancelaria de Stat

Prin prezenta, aducem la cunoștință că Ministerul Justiției a examinat setul de acte aferent *inițierii negocierilor și aprobării semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială", semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025 (în continuare - Amendament)* și, în limita competențelor funcționale comunică, după cum urmează:

Referitor la *proiectul Hotărârii de Guvern*, în redacția rusă, la pct. 1 propunem substituirea termenului „изменения” cu „Поправки”. Adicional, în clauza de adoptare se va substitui expresia „Официальный вестник” cu „Официальный монитор”.

Cu privire la *proiectul Amendamentului*, în tot cuprinsul textului se va substitui termenul „Addendum” cu „Amendament”, pentru a asigura concordanța termenului cu prevederile Acordului de finanțare de bază și cu proiectul hotărârii de Guvern. Suplimentar, se va completa cu o dispoziție referitor la limbile autentice în care se încheie Amendamentul.

Cu privire la *Argumentarea necesității inițierii negocierilor și aprobării semnării Amendamentului*, se va respecta structura argumentării prevăzută în anexa nr. 4 la Regulamentul privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin Hotărârea de Guvern nr. 442/2015.

Digitally signed by Serbenco Eduard
Date: 2025.03.20 17:05:33 EET
Reason: MoldSign Signature
Location: Moldova

MOLDOVA EUROPEANĂ



Secretar de stat

Eduard SERBENCO

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Parlamentul
Republicii Moldova

CPE-04 nr. 94

27 martie 2025

Comisia politică externă și integrare europeană

Domnului Artur MIJA
Secretar General al Guvernului

Domnule Secretar General,

Cu referire la scrisoarea nr. 26-76-3124 din 21.03.2025, Vă expediem alăturat Avizul consultativ cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială".

Ina COȘERU
Președinta Comisiei

Ex.: Oxana Gojan
Tel.: 022-820-172



Parlamentul
Republicii Moldova

CPE-06 nr. 93

27 martie 2025

Comisia politică externă și integrare europeană

AVIZ CONSULTATIV

cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială"

Comisia politică externă și integrare europeană a examinat *proiectul Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind "Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială"* și, în temeiul art.8¹ alin.(3) din Legea nr.595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova, se pronunță în favoarea inițierii negocierilor și semnării acestuia.

Ina COȘERU
Președinta Comisiei

Ex.: Oxana Gojan
Tel.: 022-820-172



**MINISTERUL FINANTELOR
AL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA**

Data semnăturii

electronice nr. ***11/2-3/127/368***

La nr. ***18-69-2825 din 13 martie 2025***

Referitor la avizarea proiectului de hotărâre cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială” (număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025)

Cancelaria de Stat

În contextul demersului Cancelariei de Stat, prin care se solicită avizarea proiectului de hotărâre cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025 (număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025), Ministerul Finanțelor comunică lipsa de propuneri și obiecții.

Secretar de Stat

Digitally signed by Gumene Ion
Date: 2025.03.17 17:46:55 EET
Reason: MoldSign Signature
Location: Moldova

MOLDOVA EUROPEANĂ



Ion GUMENE

Executor: Alexandrina BUZEU
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**Ministerul Educației și Cercetării
al Republicii Moldova**

MD-2033, mun. Chișinău, Piața Marii Adunări Naționale, 1
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**Ministry of Education and Research of
the Republic of Moldova**

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Nr. 07-07/1902 din 21.03.2025
La nr. 26-78-2825 din 13 martie 2025

Cancelaria de Stat

Urmare a examinării proiectului de hotărâre *cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr. 1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind „Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială” (număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025)*, Ministerul Educației și Cercetării, în limita competențelor funcționale, comunică lipsa obiecțiilor.

Ministru



Dan PERCIUN

Ex.: O. Tretiacov
(022) 21-27-01



MINISTERUL AFACERILOR EXTERNE AL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

Str. 31 August 1989, nr.80, MD-2012 Chișinău • Tel: (373 22) 578205 • Fax: (373 22) 232302 • <http://www.mfa.gov.md>

Nr. DI/1/391-2748 din 18 martie 2025

Cancelaria de Stat

Prin prezenta, urmare examinării setului de documente privind inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”, semnat la Chișinău la 31 ianuarie 2025 (**număr unic 169/CS/MAE/2025**), MAE comunică următoarele.

Proiectul tratatului supus avizării se încadrează în categoria celor specificate la art. 13, alin. (1), lit. d) din Legea nr. 595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova, respectiv, în conformitate cu articolul 7, alin. (2) al aceleiași legi, se impune obținerea avizului consultativ al Comisiei politice externe și integrare europeană a Parlamentului.

Cu privire la Argumentarea necesității inițierii negocierilor, se impune necesitatea completării acesteia potrivit cerințelor specificate în anexele nr. 1-4 ale Regulamentului privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin HG nr. 442/2015, respectând structura aprobată (*din conținutul Argumentării lipsește „Analiza de impact”*).

La capitolul D „Aspectul procedural al semnării/încheierii tratatului”, ultimul alineat urmează a fi reformulat astfel încât se va menționa că tratatul va fi semnat din partea Guvernului Republicii Moldova de către Secretarul general al Guvernului, dl Artur MIJA.

Mihail MÎȚU
Secretar General

Digitally signed by Mîțu Mihail
Date: 2025.03.20 16:22:41 EET
Reason: MoldSign Signature
Location: Moldova

MOLDOVA EUROPEANĂ





CANCELARIA DE STAT A REPUBLICII MOLDOVA

Nr. 26-76-3124

Chișinău

21 martie 2025

Comisia parlamentară pentru politică externă și integrare europeană

În scopul respectării prevederilor art.7 alin.(2) al Legii nr.595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova, rugăm avizul consultativ al Comisiei parlamentare pentru politică externă și integrare europeană, pe marginea proiectului hotărârii Guvernului cu privire la inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”.

Anexe:1) Proiectul hotărârii de Guvern (în limbile română și rusă) – 2 pagini;

2) Argumentarea necesității – 2 pagini;

3) Amendamentul Acordului (în limbile engleză și română) – 115 pagini;

4) Avize - 8 pagini.

Secretară general al Guvernului *semnat electronic* **Artur MIJA**

Ex: Domnița Hanganu
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Casa Guvernului,
MD-2012, Chișinău,
Republica Moldova

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MINISTERUL AFACERILOR EXTERNE AL REPUBLICII MOLDOVA
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

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Nr. DI/1/391- 3240 din 31 martie 2025

Guvernul Republicii Moldova

Prin prezenta, în conformitate cu prevederile Legii nr. 595/1999 privind tratatele internaționale ale Republicii Moldova și Regulamentului privind mecanismul de încheiere, aplicare și încetare a tratatelor internaționale, aprobat prin Hotărârea Guvernului nr. 442/2015, se remite alăturat setul de documente necesar privind aprobarea proiectului de lege pentru inițierea negocierilor și aprobarea semnării Amendamentului nr.1 la Acordul de finanțare dintre Guvernul Republicii Moldova și Comisia Europeană privind ”Contractul de performanță pentru reforma sectorială”.

Mihai MÎȚU
Secretar General

Anexe:

- 1. Proiectul hotărârii de Guvern (RO, RU);*
- 2. Argumentarea necesității;*
- 3. Acord de finanțare (RO,EN);*
- 4. Copiile avizelor;*
- 5. Tabelul de sinteză.*

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